

Maple 2018.2 Integration Test Results  
on the problems in "7 Inverse hyperbolic functions/7.1 Inverse hyperbolic sine"

Test results for the 46 problems in "7.1.2 (d x)^m (a+b arcsinh(c x))^n.txt"

Problem 24: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 / 2 \, dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 202 leaves, 41 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x^5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 / 2}{5} + \frac{3 \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{5} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{5} \sqrt{\pi}}{16000 a^5} + \frac{3 \operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{5} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{5} \sqrt{\pi}}{16000 a^5} - \frac{\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{384 a^5} \\ & - \frac{\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{384 a^5} + \frac{3 \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{\pi}}{64 a^5} + \frac{3 \operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{\pi}}{64 a^5} - \frac{4 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}}{25 a^5} \\ & + \frac{2 x^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}}{25 a^3} - \frac{3 x^4 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}}{50 a} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 12 leaves):

$$\int x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 / 2 \, dx$$

Problem 25: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 / 2 \, dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 149 leaves, 25 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 / 2}{32 a^4} + \frac{x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 / 2}{4} + \frac{3 \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{256 a^4} - \frac{3 \operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{256 a^4} - \frac{3 \operatorname{erf}(2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{\pi}}{2048 a^4} \\ & + \frac{3 \operatorname{erfi}(2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{\pi}}{2048 a^4} + \frac{9 x \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}}{64 a^3} - \frac{3 x^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}}{32 a} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 12 leaves):

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 / 2 \, dx$$

Problem 27: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 119 leaves, 18 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{5} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{5} \sqrt{\pi}}{160 a^5} + \frac{\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{5} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{5} \sqrt{\pi}}{160 a^5} + \frac{\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{\pi}}{16 a^5} + \frac{\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{\pi}}{16 a^5} \\ - \frac{\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{32 a^5} - \frac{\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{32 a^5}$$

Result(type 8, 12 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}} dx$$

Problem 28: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 104 leaves, 12 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{4 a^4} - \frac{\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{4 a^4} + \frac{\operatorname{erf}(2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{\pi}}{4 a^4} + \frac{\operatorname{erfi}(2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{\pi}}{4 a^4} - \frac{2 x^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{a \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}}$$

Result(type 8, 12 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

Problem 29: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 100 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{\pi}}{4 a^3} - \frac{\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{\pi}}{4 a^3} - \frac{\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{4 a^3} + \frac{\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{4 a^3} - \frac{2 x^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{a \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}}$$

Result(type 8, 12 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

Problem 31: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 170 leaves, 22 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{8x}{15a^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4x^3}{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^{3/2}} + \frac{\operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)})\sqrt{\pi}}{15a^3} - \frac{\operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)})\sqrt{\pi}}{15a^3} - \frac{3 \operatorname{erf}(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)})\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}}{5a^3} \\
& + \frac{3 \operatorname{erfi}(\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)})\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\pi}}{5a^3} - \frac{2x^2\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{5a \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^{5/2}} - \frac{16\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{15a^3\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}} - \frac{24x^2\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}}{5a\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 12 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

Problem 34: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x^m \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 119 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{1+m} - \frac{2ax^{2+m} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{m}{2}\right], \left[2 + \frac{m}{2}\right], -a^2x^2\right)}{m^2 + 3m + 2} \\
& + \frac{2a^2x^{3+m} \operatorname{HypergeometricPFQ}\left(\left[1, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right], \left[2 + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{5}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right], -a^2x^2\right)}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 12 leaves):

$$\int x^m \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2 dx$$

Problem 35: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x^m \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 56 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{1+m} - \frac{ax^{2+m} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{m}{2}\right], \left[2 + \frac{m}{2}\right], -a^2x^2\right)}{m^2 + 3m + 2}$$

Result(type 8, 10 leaves):

$$\int x^m \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) dx$$

Problem 39: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^n dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 105 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\frac{3^{-1-n} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, -3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))}{8 a^3 (-\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))^n} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, -\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))}{8 a^3 (-\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))^n} + \frac{\Gamma(1+n, \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))}{8 a^3} - \frac{3^{-1-n} \Gamma(1+n, 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))}{8 a^3}$$

Result(type 8, 12 leaves):

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^n dx$$

Problem 40: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^n dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 45 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, -\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))}{2 a (-\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))^n} - \frac{\Gamma(1+n, \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))}{2 a}$$

Result(type 5, 39 leaves):

$$\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^{1+n} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{n}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{n}{2}\right], \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{4}\right)}{a(1+n)}$$

Problem 41: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^5 /2 dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 256 leaves, 24 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^5 /2}{3} + \frac{5 b^5 /2 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{1728 c^3} - \frac{5 b^5 /2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{1728 c^3 e^{\frac{3a}{b}}} \\ & - \frac{15 b^5 /2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{64 c^3} + \frac{15 b^5 /2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{64 c^3 e^{\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{5 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 /2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9 c^3} \\ & - \frac{5 b x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 /2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{18 c} - \frac{5 b^2 x \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{6 c^2} + \frac{5 b^2 x^3 \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{36} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 16 leaves):

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^5 /2 dx$$

Problem 42: Unable to integrate problem.



$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 67 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{2c\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{2ce^{\frac{a}{b}}\sqrt{b}}$$

Result(type 8, 12 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}} dx$$

Problem 43: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 / 2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 179 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\frac{e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{4b^3 / 2 c^3} - \frac{\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{4b^3 / 2 c^3 e^{\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{4b^3 / 2 c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{4b^3 / 2 c^3 e^{\frac{3a}{b}}} - \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{bc \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}$$

Result(type 8, 16 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 / 2} dx$$

Problem 44: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^5 / 2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 147 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2 e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{3 b^5 / 2 c^2} + \frac{2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{3 b^5 / 2 c^2 e^{\frac{2a}{b}}} - \frac{2 x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3 b c (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 / 2} \\
& - \frac{4}{3 b^2 c^2 \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}} - \frac{8 x^2}{3 b^2 \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 14 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^5 / 2} dx$$

Problem 45: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^7 / 2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 177 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{4}{15 b^2 c^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 / 2} - \frac{8 x^2}{15 b^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 / 2} + \frac{8 e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{15 b^7 / 2 c^2} \\
& + \frac{8 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{15 b^7 / 2 c^2 e^{\frac{2a}{b}}} - \frac{2 x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{5 b c (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^5 / 2} - \frac{32 x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15 b^3 c \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 14 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^7 / 2} dx$$

Problem 46: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^7 / 2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 141 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{4 x}{15 b^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 / 2} - \frac{4 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{15 b^7 / 2 c} + \frac{4 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{15 b^7 / 2 c e^{\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{5 b c (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^5 / 2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{8\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{15b^3c\sqrt{a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}$$

Result(type 8, 12 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^{7/2}} dx$$

Test results for the 178 problems in "7.1.4 (f x)^m (d+e x^2)^p (a+b arcsinh(c x))^n.txt"

Problem 21: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 61 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{b\pi^{3/2}x}{5c} - \frac{2bc\pi^{3/2}x^3}{15} - \frac{bc^3\pi^{3/2}x^5}{25} + \frac{(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{5/2} (a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{5c^2\pi}$$

Result(type 3, 138 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{5/2}}{5c^2\pi} \\ & + \frac{1}{75c^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} \left( b\pi^{3/2} \left( 15\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^6c^6 + 45\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)c^4x^4 - 3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x^5c^5 + 45\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)c^2x^2 - 10c^3x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + 15\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - 15\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 23: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 97 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\frac{bc\pi^{3/2}}{6x^2} - \frac{(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3x^3} + \frac{c^3\pi^{3/2} (a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{2b} + \frac{4bc^3\pi^{3/2} \ln(x)}{3} - \frac{c^2\pi (a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2\pi x^2 + \pi}}{x}$$

Result(type 3, 621 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{a(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{5/2}}{3\pi x^3} - \frac{2ac^2(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{5/2}}{3\pi x} + \frac{2ac^4x(c^2\pi x^2 + \pi)^{3/2}}{3} + ac^4\sqrt{c^2\pi x^2 + \pi}\pi x + \frac{ac^4\pi^2 \ln\left(\frac{\pi x c^2}{\sqrt{c^2\pi}} + \sqrt{c^2\pi x^2 + \pi}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2\pi}} \\ & + \frac{bc^3\pi^{3/2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{2} - \frac{8bc^3\pi^{3/2}c^3\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3} + \frac{32b\pi^{3/2}x^4\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)c^7}{24c^4x^4 + 9c^2x^2 + 1} - \frac{32b\pi^{3/2}x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)c^6}{24c^4x^4 + 9c^2x^2 + 1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{8b\pi^{3/2}x^4c^7}{3(24c^4x^4+9c^2x^2+1)} - \frac{8b\pi^{3/2}x^2(c^2x^2+1)c^5}{3(24c^4x^4+9c^2x^2+1)} + \frac{12b\pi^{3/2}x^2\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)c^5}{24c^4x^4+9c^2x^2+1} - \frac{20b\pi^{3/2}x\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)c^4}{24c^4x^4+9c^2x^2+1} \\
& - \frac{4b\pi^{3/2}(c^2x^2+1)c^3}{3(24c^4x^4+9c^2x^2+1)} + \frac{4b\pi^{3/2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)c^3}{3(24c^4x^4+9c^2x^2+1)} - \frac{13b\pi^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)c^2}{3(24c^4x^4+9c^2x^2+1)x} - \frac{b\pi^{3/2}(c^2x^2+1)c}{6(24c^4x^4+9c^2x^2+1)x^2} \\
& - \frac{b\pi^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3(24c^4x^4+9c^2x^2+1)x^3} + \frac{4bc^3\pi^{3/2}\ln\left(\left(cx+\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\right)^2-1\right)}{3}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 26: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^4(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{(c^2\pi x^2+\pi)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 113 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{bx^2}{4c^3\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{4bc^5\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{b\ln(c^2x^2+1)}{2c^5\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{x^3(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{c^2\pi\sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}} + \frac{3x(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))\sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}}{2c^4\pi^2}$$

Result(type 3, 268 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{ax^3}{2c^2\pi\sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}} + \frac{3ax}{2c^4\pi\sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}} - \frac{3a\ln\left(\frac{\pi xc^2}{\sqrt{c^2\pi}} + \sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}\right)}{2c^4\pi\sqrt{c^2\pi}} - \frac{3b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{4c^5\pi^{3/2}} + \frac{bx\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{2\pi^{3/2}c^4} - \frac{bx^2}{4c^3\pi^{3/2}} \\
& + \frac{2b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{c^5\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{b}{8\pi^{3/2}c^5} - \frac{b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^2}{\pi^{3/2}c^3(c^2x^2+1)} + \frac{b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x}{\pi^{3/2}c^4\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{\pi^{3/2}c^5(c^2x^2+1)} - \frac{b\ln\left(1+\left(cx+\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\right)^2\right)}{c^5\pi^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 27: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^3(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{(c^2\pi x^2+\pi)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 78 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{bx}{c^3\pi^{3/2}} - \frac{b\arctan(cx)}{c^4\pi^{3/2}} + \frac{a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{c^4\pi\sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}} + \frac{(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))\sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}}{c^4\pi^2}$$

Result(type 3, 157 leaves):

$$\frac{ax^2}{c^2\pi\sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}} + \frac{2a}{\pi c^4\sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}} + \frac{b\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{\pi^{3/2}c^4} - \frac{bx}{c^3\pi^{3/2}} + \frac{b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{\pi^{3/2}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^4} + \frac{1b\ln(cx+\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}-1)}{c^4\pi^{3/2}}$$

$$-\frac{1b \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 1)}{c^4 \pi^3 / 2}$$

Problem 28: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^6 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{(c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 164 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{bx^2}{4c^5\pi^{5/2}} - \frac{b}{6c^7\pi^{5/2}(c^2x^2+1)} - \frac{x^5(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3c^2\pi(c^2\pi x^2+\pi)^{3/2}} - \frac{5(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{4bc^7\pi^{5/2}} - \frac{7b\ln(c^2x^2+1)}{6c^7\pi^{5/2}} - \frac{5x^3(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3c^4\pi^2\sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}} \\ & + \frac{5x(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))\sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}}{2c^6\pi^3} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 969 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{5ax^3}{6c^4\pi(c^2\pi x^2+\pi)^{3/2}} + \frac{5ax}{2c^6\pi^2\sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}} - \frac{5a\ln\left(\frac{\pi x c^2}{\sqrt{c^2\pi}} + \sqrt{c^2\pi x^2+\pi}\right)}{2c^6\pi^2\sqrt{c^2\pi}} + \frac{ax^5}{2c^2\pi(c^2\pi x^2+\pi)^{3/2}} \\ & - \frac{49b}{6\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^2c^7} - \frac{b}{8\pi^{5/2}c^7} - \frac{7b\ln\left(1+\left(cx+\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\right)^2\right)}{3c^7\pi^{5/2}} + \frac{14b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3c^7\pi^{5/2}} - \frac{5b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{4c^7\pi^{5/2}} \\ & - \frac{bx^2}{4c^5\pi^{5/2}} + \frac{385b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^5}{\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}c^2} + \frac{1009b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^3}{3\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}c^4} \\ & + \frac{98bx\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}c^6} - \frac{1463b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^2}{3\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^2c^5} \\ & - \frac{147bc\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^8}{\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^2} - \frac{553b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^6}{\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^2c} - \frac{2338b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^4}{3\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^2c^3} \\ & + \frac{147b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^7}{\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} + \frac{6bx^2}{\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)c^5} + \frac{49bx^6}{6\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)c} \\ & + \frac{14bx^4}{\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)c^3} + \frac{bx\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{2\pi^{5/2}c^6} - \frac{49bcx^8}{6\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^2} \\ & - \frac{98bx^6}{3\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^2c} - \frac{49bx^4}{\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^2c^3} \\ & - \frac{98bx^2}{3\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^2c^5} - \frac{343b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3\pi^{5/2}(63c^4x^4+111c^2x^2+49)(c^2x^2+1)^2c^7} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 30: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{(c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 121 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{b}{6 c^5 \pi^{5/2} (c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3 c^2 \pi (c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{3/2}} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{2 b c^5 \pi^{5/2}} + \frac{2 b \ln(c^2 x^2 + 1)}{3 c^5 \pi^{5/2}} - \frac{x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{c^4 \pi^2 \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}}$$

Result(type 3, 896 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{a x^3}{3 c^2 \pi (c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi)^{3/2}} - \frac{a x}{c^4 \pi^2 \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}} + \frac{a \ln\left(\frac{\pi x c^2}{\sqrt{c^2 \pi}} + \sqrt{c^2 \pi x^2 + \pi}\right)}{c^4 \pi^2 \sqrt{c^2 \pi}} + \frac{b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{2 c^5 \pi^{5/2}} - \frac{8 b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3 c^5 \pi^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{32 b c^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^8}{\pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} - \frac{32 b c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^7}{\pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} + \frac{8 b c^3 x^8}{3 \pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} \\ & - \frac{8 b c x^6}{3 \pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{116 b c \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^6}{\pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} - \frac{76 b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^5}{\pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} \\ & + \frac{32 b c x^6}{3 \pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} - \frac{4 b x^4}{\pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) c (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{472 b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^4}{3 \pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) c (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} \\ & - \frac{181 b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^3}{3 \pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) c^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} + \frac{16 b x^4}{\pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) c (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} - \frac{3 b x^2}{2 \pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) c^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\ & + \frac{284 b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^2}{3 \pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) c^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} - \frac{16 b x \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{\pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) c^4 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} \\ & + \frac{32 b x^2}{3 \pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) c^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} + \frac{64 b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3 \pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) c^5 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} \\ & + \frac{8 b}{3 \pi^{5/2} (24 c^4 x^4 + 39 c^2 x^2 + 16) c^5 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} + \frac{4 b \ln\left(1 + \left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{3 c^5 \pi^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 33: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 25 leaves, 2 steps):

$$a \ln(x) - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{x}$$

Result(type 3, 55 leaves):

$$-2a \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) + \frac{(ax - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}) \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{x} + a \ln\left((ax + \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1})^2 - 1\right)$$

Problem 35: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 149 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3c^4 d} + \frac{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{5c^4 d^2} + \frac{2bx\sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{15c^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{bx^3 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{45c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{bcx^5 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{25 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}$$

Result (type 3, 577 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & a \left( \frac{x^2 (c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}}{5c^2 d} - \frac{2(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}}{15dc^4} \right) \\ & + b \left( \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} (16x^6 c^6 + 16\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^5 c^5 + 28c^4 x^4 + 20c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 13c^2 x^2 + 5\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx + 1) (-1 + 5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{800c^4 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \right. \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} (4c^4 x^4 + 4c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 5c^2 x^2 + 3\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx + 1) (-1 + 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{288c^4 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} (c^2 x^2 + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx + 1) (-1 + \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{16c^4 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} (c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx + 1) (1 + \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{16c^4 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\ & - \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} (4c^4 x^4 - 4c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 5c^2 x^2 - 3\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx + 1) (1 + 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{288c^4 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\ & \left. + \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} (16x^6 c^6 - 16\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^5 c^5 + 28c^4 x^4 - 20c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 13c^2 x^2 - 5\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx + 1) (1 + 5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{800c^4 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 36: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 89 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3c^2 d} - \frac{bx\sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{3c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{bcx^3 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{9 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}$$

Result (type 3, 320 leaves):

$$\frac{a(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}}{3c^2 d} + b \left( \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} (4c^4 x^4 + 4c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 5c^2 x^2 + 3\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx + 1) (-1 + 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{72(c^2 x^2 + 1)c^2} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} (c^2x^2 + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1} cx + 1) (-1 + \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{8(c^2x^2+1)c^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} (c^2x^2 - \sqrt{c^2x^2+1} cx + 1) (1 + \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{8(c^2x^2+1)c^2} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} (4c^4x^4 - 4c^3x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + 5c^2x^2 - 3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} cx + 1) (1 + 3\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{72(c^2x^2+1)c^2} \Big)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 39: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 154 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{4} + \frac{3 dx (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{8} - \frac{5 b c d x^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{16 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{b c^3 d x^4 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{16 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{3 d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{16 b c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 317 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a x (c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}}{4} + \frac{3 a d x \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{8} + \frac{3 a d^2 \ln\left(\frac{x c^2 d}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}\right)}{8 \sqrt{c^2 d}} + \frac{3 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 d}{16 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} c} - \frac{17 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d}{128 c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d c^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^5}{4(c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d c^3 x^4}{16 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{7 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^3}{8(c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{5 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d c x^2}{16 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{5 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d x \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{8(c^2 x^2 + 1)}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 40: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 155 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{x} + \frac{3 c^2 dx (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{2} - \frac{b c^3 d x^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{3 c d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{4 b \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{b c d \ln(x) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 391 leaves):



$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{a(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}}{dx} + a c^2 x (c^2 dx^2 + d)^3 / 2 + \frac{3a \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d} x c^2 d}{2} + \frac{3 a c^2 d^2 \ln \left( \frac{x c^2 d}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d} \right)}{2 \sqrt{c^2 d}} + \frac{3 b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 d c}{4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} d c^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^3}{2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} d c^3 x^2}{4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} d c^2 x \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} d c \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} d c}{8 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) d}{x (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \ln \left( (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2 - 1 \right) d c}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 42: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{\sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 122 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{2 b x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3 c^3 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} - \frac{b x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9 c \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} - \frac{2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{3 c^4 d} + \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{3 c^2 d}$$

Result (type 3, 357 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \left( \frac{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{3 c^2 d} - \frac{2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{3 d c^4} \right) + b \left( \frac{(-1 + 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} (4 c^4 x^4 + 4 c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 5 c^2 x^2 + 3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx + 1)}{72 c^4 d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \right. \\
& - \frac{3 (-1 + \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} (c^2 x^2 + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx + 1)}{8 c^4 d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{3 (1 + \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} (c^2 x^2 - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx + 1)}{8 c^4 d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\
& \left. + \frac{(1 + 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} (4 c^4 x^4 - 4 c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 5 c^2 x^2 - 3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx + 1)}{72 c^4 d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 43: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{\sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 103 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{b x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{4 c \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{4 b c^3 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} + \frac{x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{2 c^2 d}$$

Result (type 3, 246 leaves):

$$\frac{ax\sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{2c^2 d} - \frac{a \ln\left(\frac{xc^2 d}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}\right)}{2c^2 \sqrt{c^2 d}} - \frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{4\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} c^3 d} + \frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^3}{2d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} x^2}{4cd\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}$$

$$+ \frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} x \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{2c^2 d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)}}{8c^3 d\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}$$

Problem 44: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{x^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 57 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{bc \ln(x) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{dx}$$

Result(type 3, 182 leaves):

$$-\frac{a\sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{dx} - \frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} d} - \frac{b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} x c^2}{(c^2 x^2 + 1) d} - \frac{b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)}}{(c^2 x^2 + 1) x d}$$

$$+ \frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \ln\left(\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2 - 1\right) c}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} d}$$

Problem 46: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 182 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{c^2 d \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} - \frac{bx^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{4c^3 d \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} - \frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{4b c^5 d \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} - \frac{b \ln(c^2 x^2 + 1) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2c^5 d \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} + \frac{3x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{2c^4 d^2}$$

Result(type 3, 365 leaves):

$$\frac{ax^3}{2c^2 d \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} + \frac{3ax}{2c^4 d \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} - \frac{3a \ln\left(\frac{xc^2 d}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}\right)}{2c^4 d \sqrt{c^2 d}} - \frac{3b\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{4\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} c^5 d^2} + \frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^3}{2c^2 d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)}$$

$$- \frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} x^2}{4c^3 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{3b\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} x \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{2c^4 d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{c^5 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)}}{8c^5 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}$$

$$-\frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\ln\left(1+(cx+\sqrt{c^2x^2+1})^2\right)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^5d^2}$$

Problem 47: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^6(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{(c^2dx^2+d)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 245 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} &-\frac{x^5(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3c^2d(c^2dx^2+d)^{3/2}} - \frac{5x^3(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3c^4d^2\sqrt{c^2dx^2+d}} - \frac{b}{6c^7d^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\sqrt{c^2dx^2+d}} - \frac{bx^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{4c^5d^2\sqrt{c^2dx^2+d}} - \frac{5(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{4bc^7d^2\sqrt{c^2dx^2+d}} \\ &-\frac{7b\ln(c^2x^2+1)\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{6c^7d^2\sqrt{c^2dx^2+d}} + \frac{5x(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))\sqrt{c^2dx^2+d}}{2c^6d^3} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1606 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} &-\frac{147b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^6}{(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^5d^3} - \frac{1120b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^2}{3(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^5d^3} \\ &-\frac{406b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^4}{(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^3d^3} - \frac{5b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{4\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^7d^3} + \frac{14b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^7d^3} \\ &+\frac{147b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^7}{(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)d^3} - \frac{7b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\ln\left(1+(cx+\sqrt{c^2x^2+1})^2\right)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^7d^3} \\ &+\frac{70b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}x^5}{3(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^2d^3} + \frac{133b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}x^3}{6(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^4d^3} \\ &+\frac{7b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}x}{(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^6d^3} - \frac{49b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{6(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^7d^3} - \frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}x^2}{4c^5d^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} \\ &+\frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^3}{2c^4d^3(c^2x^2+1)} + \frac{b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}x\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{2c^6d^3(c^2x^2+1)} - \frac{49b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}(c^2x^2+1)x^5}{6(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^2d^3} \\ &+\frac{385b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^5}{(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^2d^3} - \frac{21b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}x^4\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{2(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^3d^3} \\ &-\frac{91b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}(c^2x^2+1)x^3}{6(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^4d^3} + \frac{1009b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^3}{3(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^4d^3} \\ &-\frac{37b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{2(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^5d^3} - \frac{7b\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}(c^2x^2+1)x}{(63c^8x^8+237x^6c^6+334c^4x^4+209c^2x^2+49)c^6d^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{98 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} x \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{(63 c^8 x^8 + 237 x^6 c^6 + 334 c^4 x^4 + 209 c^2 x^2 + 49) c^6 d^3} - \frac{343 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3 (63 c^8 x^8 + 237 x^6 c^6 + 334 c^4 x^4 + 209 c^2 x^2 + 49) c^7 d^3} \\
& + \frac{49 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} x^7}{6 (63 c^8 x^8 + 237 x^6 c^6 + 334 c^4 x^4 + 209 c^2 x^2 + 49) d^3} + \frac{a x^5}{2 c^2 d (c^2 d x^2 + d)^{3/2}} + \frac{5 a x^3}{6 c^4 d (c^2 d x^2 + d)^{3/2}} + \frac{5 a x}{2 c^6 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}} \\
& - \frac{5 a \ln\left(\frac{x c^2 d}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}\right)}{2 c^6 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 d}} - \frac{b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)}}{8 c^7 d^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 48: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{(c^2 d x^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 179 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3 c^2 d (c^2 d x^2 + d)^{3/2}} - \frac{x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{c^4 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}} + \frac{b}{6 c^5 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2 b c^5 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}} + \frac{2 b \ln(c^2 x^2 + 1) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3 c^5 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}$$

Result (type 3, 1429 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{a x^3}{3 c^2 d (c^2 d x^2 + d)^{3/2}} - \frac{a x}{c^4 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}} + \frac{a \ln\left(\frac{x c^2 d}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}\right)}{c^4 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 d}} + \frac{b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} c^5 d^3} - \frac{8 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} c^5 d^3} \\
& - \frac{32 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^7}{(24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3} + \frac{32 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} c \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^6}{(24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3} \\
& - \frac{8 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} c^2 x^7}{3 (24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3} + \frac{8 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} (c^2 x^2 + 1) x^5}{3 (24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3} \\
& - \frac{76 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^5}{(24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3} + \frac{84 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^4}{(24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3 c} \\
& - \frac{22 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} x^5}{3 (24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3} + \frac{4 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^4}{(24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3 c} \\
& + \frac{14 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} (c^2 x^2 + 1) x^3}{3 (24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3 c^2} - \frac{181 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^3}{3 (24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3 c^2} \\
& + \frac{220 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{3 (24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3 c^3} - \frac{20 b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} x^3}{3 (24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3 c^2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{13 b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2 (24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3 c^3} + \frac{2 b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} (c^2 x^2 + 1) x}{(24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3 c^4} \\
& - \frac{16 b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} x \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}{(24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3 c^4} + \frac{64 b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3 (24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3 c^5} \\
& - \frac{2 b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} x}{(24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3 c^4} + \frac{8 b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3 (24 c^8 x^8 + 87 x^6 c^6 + 118 c^4 x^4 + 71 c^2 x^2 + 16) d^3 c^5} \\
& + \frac{4 b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \ln \left( 1 + \left( c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \right)^2 \right)}{3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} c^5 d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 51: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^m \operatorname{arcsinh}(a x)}{\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 88 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{arcsinh}(a x) \operatorname{hypergeom} \left( \left[ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{m}{2} \right], \left[ \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2} \right], -a^2 x^2 \right)}{1+m} - \frac{a x^{2+m} \operatorname{HypergeometricPFQ} \left( \left[ 1, 1 + \frac{m}{2}, 1 + \frac{m}{2} \right], \left[ \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}, 2 + \frac{m}{2} \right], -a^2 x^2 \right)}{m^2 + 3m + 2}$$

Result (type 8, 21 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^m \operatorname{arcsinh}(a x)}{\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

Problem 53: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(c^2 d x^2 + d) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 197 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{c^2 d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{2} - \frac{d (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{2 x^2} + \frac{c^2 d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^3}{3 b} + c^2 d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 \ln \left( 1 - \frac{1}{(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2} \right) \\
& + b^2 c^2 d \ln(x) - b c^2 d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, \frac{1}{(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2} \right) - \frac{b^2 c^2 d \operatorname{polylog} \left( 3, \frac{1}{(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2} \right)}{2} \\
& - \frac{b c d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{x}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 514 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& c^2 d a^2 \ln(cx) - \frac{d a^2}{2 x^2} - \frac{c^2 d b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^3}{3} - \frac{c d b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{x} + c^2 d b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{d b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{2 x^2} + c^2 d b^2 \ln\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 1\right) \\
& - 2 c^2 d b^2 \ln\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) + c^2 d b^2 \ln\left(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) + c^2 d b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln\left(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) + 2 c^2 d b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) \\
& - 2 c^2 d b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) + c^2 d b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln\left(1 - cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) + 2 c^2 d b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) \\
& - 2 c^2 d b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) - c^2 d a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 - \frac{c d a b \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{x} + c^2 d a b - \frac{d a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{x^2} \\
& + 2 c^2 d a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln\left(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) + 2 c^2 d a b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) + 2 c^2 d a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln\left(1 - cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) \\
& + 2 c^2 d a b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 58: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(c^2 d x^2 + d)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 334 leaves, 26 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{71 b^2 c^2 d^3 x^2}{144} + \frac{7 b^2 c^4 d^3 x^4}{144} + \frac{b^2 d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3}{108} - \frac{7 b c d^3 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3 / 2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{36} - \frac{b c d^3 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^5 / 2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{18} \\
& - \frac{19 d^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{48} + \frac{d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{2} + \frac{d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{4} + \frac{d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{6} \\
& + \frac{d^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3}{3 b} + d^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \ln\left(1 - \frac{1}{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2}\right) - b d^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{1}{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2}\right) \\
& - \frac{b^2 d^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{1}{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2}\right)}{2} - \frac{19 b c d^3 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{24}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 705 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 d^3 a b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) + 2 d^3 a b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) + \frac{25 d^3 a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{24} - d^3 a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 + 2 d^3 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) \\
& + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 2 d^3 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) + d^3 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln\left(1 - cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) + d^3 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln\left(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) \\
& + \frac{d^3 a^2 c^6 x^6}{6} + \frac{3 d^3 a^2 c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{3 d^3 a^2 c^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{d^3 b^2 c^6 x^6}{108} + d^3 a^2 \ln(cx) - \frac{d^3 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^3}{3} - 2 d^3 b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) \\
& - 2 d^3 b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) + \frac{25 d^3 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{48} + 2 d^3 a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln\left(1 - cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) + 2 d^3 a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln\left(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right) \\
& + \frac{25 b^2 c^2 d^3 x^2}{48} + \frac{11 b^2 c^4 d^3 x^4}{144} + \frac{d^3 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c^6 x^6}{6} + \frac{3 d^3 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{3 d^3 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c^2 x^2}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{d^3 a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^6 x^6}{3} + 3 d^3 a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^2 x^2 + \frac{3 d^3 a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^4 x^4}{2} - \frac{25 d^3 a b c x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{24} - \frac{d^3 a b c^5 x^5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{18} \\
& - \frac{11 d^3 a b c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{36} - \frac{25 d^3 b^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c x}{24} - \frac{d^3 b^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^5 x^5}{18} - \frac{11 d^3 b^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^3 x^3}{36} \\
& + \frac{811 d^3 b^2}{3456}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 59: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{c^2 d x^2 + d} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 300 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{22 b^2 x}{9 c^4 d} + \frac{2 b^2 x^3}{27 c^2 d} - \frac{x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{c^4 d} + \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3 c^2 d} + \frac{2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \arctan(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{c^5 d} \\
& - \frac{2 I b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, -I (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{c^5 d} + \frac{2 I b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, I (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{c^5 d} \\
& + \frac{2 I b^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, -I (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{c^5 d} - \frac{2 I b^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, I (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{c^5 d} + \frac{22 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9 c^5 d} \\
& - \frac{2 b x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9 c^3 d}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 28 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{c^2 d x^2 + d} dx$$

Problem 61: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{x (c^2 d x^2 + d)} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 157 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{d} - \frac{b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{d} \\
& + \frac{b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{d} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{2 d} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{2 d}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 4, 353 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a^2 \ln(cx)}{d} - \frac{a^2 \ln(c^2 x^2 + 1)}{2d} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln(1 - cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{d} + \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{d} \\
& - \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{d} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln(1 + (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2)}{d} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}(2, -(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2)}{d} \\
& + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, -(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2)}{2d} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{d} + \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{d} \\
& - \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{d} + \frac{2ab \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{1}{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2}\right)}{d} - \frac{ab \operatorname{dilog}\left(\frac{1}{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^4}\right)}{2d}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 62: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{x^2 (c^2 dx^2 + d)} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 269 leaves, 15 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{dx} - \frac{2c(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \arctan(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{d} - \frac{4bc(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{arctanh}(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{d} \\
& - \frac{2b^2 c \operatorname{polylog}(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{d} + \frac{2Ibc(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, -I(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{d} \\
& - \frac{2Ibc(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, I(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{d} + \frac{2b^2 c \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{d} - \frac{2Ib^2 c \operatorname{polylog}(3, -I(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{d} \\
& + \frac{2Ib^2 c \operatorname{polylog}(3, I(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 28 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{x^2 (c^2 dx^2 + d)} dx$$

Problem 63: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{x^4 (c^2 dx^2 + d)} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 348 leaves, 24 steps):

$$- \frac{b^2 c^2}{3dx} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3dx^3} + \frac{c^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{dx} + \frac{2c^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \arctan(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{d}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{14 b c^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \operatorname{arctanh}(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{3 d} + \frac{7 b^2 c^3 \operatorname{polylog}(2, -c x - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{3 d} \\
& - \frac{2 I b c^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, -I (c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{d} + \frac{2 I b c^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, I (c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{d} \\
& - \frac{7 b^2 c^3 \operatorname{polylog}(2, c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{3 d} + \frac{2 I b^2 c^3 \operatorname{polylog}(3, -I (c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{d} - \frac{2 I b^2 c^3 \operatorname{polylog}(3, I (c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{d} \\
& - \frac{b c (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3 d x^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 28 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{x^4 (c^2 d x^2 + d)} dx$$

Problem 64: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{(c^2 d x^2 + d)^2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 243 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{2 d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 \operatorname{arctan}(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{c d^2} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctan}(c x)}{c d^2} - \frac{I b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, -I (c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{c d^2} \\
& + \frac{I b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, I (c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{c d^2} + \frac{I b^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, -I (c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{c d^2} - \frac{I b^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, I (c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}))}{c d^2} \\
& + \frac{b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))}{c d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{(c^2 d x^2 + d)^2} dx$$

Problem 65: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{x (c^2 d x^2 + d)^2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 228 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{2 d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\left(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 \ln(c^2 x^2 + 1)}{2 d^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2\right)}{d^2} \\
& + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2\right)}{2d^2} - \frac{bcx(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 723 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{ab \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{2ab \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln\left(1 + (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2ab \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln\left(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^2} \\
& + \frac{2ab \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln\left(1 - cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{a^2}{2d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{a^2 \ln(cx)}{d^2} - \frac{a^2 \ln(c^2 x^2 + 1)}{2d^2} - \frac{2b^2 \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{d^2} \\
& + \frac{b^2 \ln\left(1 + (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2\right)}{d^2} - \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^2} - \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{ab}{d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\
& - \frac{ab \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2ab \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2ab \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{2d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\
& + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln\left(1 - cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^2} \\
& - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln\left(1 + (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2\right)}{d^2} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln\left(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^2} \\
& + \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2\right)}{2d^2} + \frac{ab c^2 x^2}{d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^2 x^2}{d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\
& - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) cx}{d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{abcx}{d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 66: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{x^4 (c^2 dx^2 + d)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 444 leaves, 32 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{b^2 c^2}{3d^2 x} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3d^2 x^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{5c^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3d^2 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{5c^4 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{2d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{5c^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \arctan(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{d^2} \\
& - \frac{b^2 c^3 \arctan(cx)}{d^2} + \frac{26bc^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{arctanh}(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{3d^2} + \frac{13b^2 c^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{3d^2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{51b^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -1\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{d^2} + \frac{51b^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, 1\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{d^2} \\
& - \frac{13b^2 c^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{3d^2} + \frac{51b^2 c^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -1\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{d^2} - \frac{51b^2 c^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, 1\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{d^2} \\
& + \frac{2b^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{bc (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3d^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 28 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{x^4 (c^2 dx^2 + d)^2} dx$$

Problem 67: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^3} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 331 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{b^2 x}{12c^4 d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{6c^5 d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} - \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{4c^2 d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} - \frac{3x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{8c^4 d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \arctan(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{4c^5 d^3} \\
& + \frac{7b^2 \arctan(cx)}{6c^5 d^3} - \frac{31b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -1\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{4c^5 d^3} + \frac{31b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, 1\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{4c^5 d^3} \\
& + \frac{31b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -1\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{4c^5 d^3} - \frac{31b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, 1\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{4c^5 d^3} - \frac{5b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{4c^5 d^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 28 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^3} dx$$

Problem 68: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^3} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 320 leaves, 15 steps):

$$- \frac{b^2 x}{12d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{6cd^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{4d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} + \frac{3x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{8d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \arctan(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{4cd^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{5 b^2 \arctan(cx)}{6 c d^3} - \frac{3 I b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -I\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{4 c d^3} + \frac{3 I b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, I\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{4 c d^3} \\
& + \frac{3 I b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -I\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{4 c d^3} - \frac{3 I b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, I\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{4 c d^3} + \frac{3 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{4 c d^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^3} dx$$

Problem 69: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{x^3 (c^2 dx^2 + d)^3} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 402 leaves, 23 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b^2 c^2}{12 d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{b c (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{d^3 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} - \frac{5 b c^3 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{6 d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 c^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{4 d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{2 d^3 x^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} \\
& - \frac{3 c^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{2 d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{6 c^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{d^3} + \frac{b^2 c^2 \ln(x)}{d^3} - \frac{7 b^2 c^2 \ln(c^2 x^2 + 1)}{6 d^3} \\
& + \frac{3 b c^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{d^3} - \frac{3 b c^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{d^3} \\
& - \frac{3 b^2 c^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{2 d^3} + \frac{3 b^2 c^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{2 d^3} + \frac{4 b c^3 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3 d^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 4, 1435 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{9 c^2 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{4 d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2 c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{4 c^2 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3 d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2 c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{3 c^2 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln\left(1 - cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{6 c^2 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^3} \\
& + \frac{3 c^2 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln\left(1 + \left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{d^3} + \frac{3 c^2 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{d^3} \\
& - \frac{3 c^2 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln\left(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{6 c^2 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{2 d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2 c^2 x^2 + 1) x^2} \\
& + \frac{c^4 b^2 x^2}{12 d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2 c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{4 c^2 a b}{3 d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2 c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{3 c^2 a b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{d^3} - \frac{6 c^2 a b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^3} \\
& - \frac{6 c^2 a b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{c^2 a^2}{4 d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2} - \frac{c^2 a^2}{d^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{c^2 b^2}{12 d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2 c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{6 c^2 b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{3c^2 a^2 \ln(cx)}{d^3} + \frac{3c^2 a^2 \ln(c^2 x^2 + 1)}{2d^3} + \frac{c^2 b^2 \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 1)}{d^3} + \frac{8c^2 b^2 \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{3d^3} - \frac{7c^2 b^2 \ln\left(1 + (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2\right)}{3d^3} \\
& + \frac{c^2 b^2 \ln\left(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^3} + \frac{6c^2 b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{a^2}{2d^3 x^2} - \frac{3b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2\right)}{2d^3} \\
& + \frac{4c^5 a b x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{3c^4 a b x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{c^3 a b x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{c a b \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1) x} + \frac{4c^5 b^2 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\
& + \frac{c^3 b^2 x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{2d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{c b^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1) x} - \frac{4c^6 a b x^4}{3d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{8c^4 a b x^2}{3d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1) x^2} \\
& - \frac{6c^2 a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln\left(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{6c^2 a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln\left(1 - cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{d^3} - \frac{9c^2 a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{2d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\
& + \frac{6c^2 a b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln\left(1 + (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2\right)}{d^3} - \frac{4c^6 b^2 x^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{3c^4 b^2 x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{2d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{8c^4 b^2 x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3d^3 (c^4 x^4 + 2c^2 x^2 + 1)}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 70: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 310 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{52b^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{225c^4} - \frac{26b^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{675c^4} + \frac{2b^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{125c^4} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{15c^4} \\
& + \frac{x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{15c^2} + \frac{x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{5} + \frac{4abx \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{15c^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{4b^2 x \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{15c^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{2bx^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{45c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{2bcx^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{25 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 1161 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& a^2 \left( \frac{x^2 (c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}}{5c^2 d} - \frac{2(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}}{15d c^4} \right) \\
& + b^2 \left( \frac{1}{4000 (c^2 x^2 + 1) c^4} \left( \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \left( 16x^6 c^6 + 16 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^5 c^5 + 28c^4 x^4 + 20c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 13c^2 x^2 + 5 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. + 1 \right) \left( 25 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 - 10 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + 2 \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \left( 4c^4x^4 + 4c^3x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + 5c^2x^2 + 3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1 \right) (9 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 - 6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + 2)}{864(c^2x^2+1)c^4} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \left( c^2x^2 + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1 \right) (\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 - 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + 2)}{16(c^2x^2+1)c^4} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \left( c^2x^2 - \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1 \right) (\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 + 2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + 2)}{16(c^2x^2+1)c^4} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \left( 4c^4x^4 - 4c^3x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + 5c^2x^2 - 3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1 \right) (9 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 + 6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + 2)}{864(c^2x^2+1)c^4} \\
& + \frac{1}{4000(c^2x^2+1)c^4} \left( \sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \left( 16x^6c^6 - 16\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x^5c^5 + 28c^4x^4 - 20c^3x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + 13c^2x^2 - 5\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. + 1 \right) (25 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 + 10 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + 2) \right) \\
& + 2ab \left( \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \left( 16x^6c^6 + 16\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x^5c^5 + 28c^4x^4 + 20c^3x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + 13c^2x^2 + 5\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1 \right) (-1 + 5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{800c^4(c^2x^2+1)} \right. \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \left( 4c^4x^4 + 4c^3x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + 5c^2x^2 + 3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1 \right) (-1 + 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{288c^4(c^2x^2+1)} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \left( c^2x^2 + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1 \right) (-1 + \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{16c^4(c^2x^2+1)} - \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \left( c^2x^2 - \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1 \right) (1 + \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{16c^4(c^2x^2+1)} \\
& - \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \left( 4c^4x^4 - 4c^3x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + 5c^2x^2 - 3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1 \right) (1 + 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{288c^4(c^2x^2+1)} \\
& \left. + \frac{\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \left( 16x^6c^6 - 16\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x^5c^5 + 28c^4x^4 - 20c^3x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + 13c^2x^2 - 5\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1 \right) (1 + 5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{800c^4(c^2x^2+1)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 71: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 251 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{b^2 x \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{64 c^2} + \frac{b^2 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{32} + \frac{x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{8 c^2} + \frac{x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{4} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{64 c^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{b x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{8 c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{b c x^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{8 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{24 b c^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 700 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a^2 x (c^2 d x^2 + d)^{3/2}}{4 c^2 d} - \frac{a^2 x \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{8 c^2} - \frac{a^2 d \ln\left(\frac{x c^2 d}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}\right)}{8 c^2 \sqrt{c^2 d}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x) x^2}{8 c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} c \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x) x^4}{8 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^3}{24 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} c^3} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} c^2 x^5}{32 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{3 b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} x^3}{64 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} x}{64 c^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 x^5}{4 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\
& + \frac{3 b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 x^3}{8 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} x \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2}{8 c^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}{64 c^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{a b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2}{8 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} c^3} \\
& - \frac{a b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)}}{64 c^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{a b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x) x^5}{2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{a b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} c x^4}{8 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{3 a b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x) x^3}{4 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{a b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} x^2}{8 c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{a b \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x) x}{4 c^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 72: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 371 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{2 x^2} - \frac{b c (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{c^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{b^2 c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{b^2 c^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, -c x - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{b^2 c^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{b^2 c^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, -c x - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{b^2 c^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 869 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{a^2 (c^2 d x^2 + d)^{3/2}}{2 d x^2} - \frac{a^2 \ln\left(\frac{2 d + 2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{x}\right) \sqrt{d} c^2}{2} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d} c^2}{2} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} c^2}{2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\
& - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x) \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} c}{x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)}}{2 x^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2 \ln(1 - c x - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) c^2}{2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) c^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{polylog}(3, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) c^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) c^2}{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) c^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{polylog}(3, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) c^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arctanh}(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) c^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{ab \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^2}{c^2 x^2 + 1} \\
& - \frac{ab \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} c}{x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{ab \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)}}{x^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{ab \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) c^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{ab \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{polylog}(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) c^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{ab \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln(1 - cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) c^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{ab \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) c^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 73: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^2 (c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 351 leaves, 17 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x^3 (c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{6} - \frac{7b^2 dx \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{1152 c^2} + \frac{43b^2 dx^3 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{1728} + \frac{b^2 c^2 dx^5 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{108} \\
& + \frac{dx (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{16 c^2} + \frac{dx^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{8} + \frac{7b^2 d \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{1152 c^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{bdx^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{16c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{7bcdx^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{48 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{bc^3 dx^6 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{18 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{48bc^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 933 leaves):

$$\frac{ab \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d c^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^7}{3(c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{65b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} dx^3}{3456(c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{a^2 x (c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}}{6c^2 d} - \frac{a^2 dx \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{16c^2} - \frac{a^2 d^2 \ln\left(\frac{xc^2 d}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}\right)}{16c^2 \sqrt{c^2 d}}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{11ab\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^5}{12(c^2x^2+1)} + \frac{ab\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x}{8c^2(c^2x^2+1)} + \frac{b^2\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d c^4 x^7}{108(c^2x^2+1)} + \frac{59b^2\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d c^2 x^5}{1728(c^2x^2+1)} \\
& - \frac{7b^2\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}dx}{1152c^2(c^2x^2+1)} - \frac{b^2\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^3 d}{48\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^3} + \frac{17b^2\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 x^3}{48(c^2x^2+1)} + \frac{7b^2\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{1152c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} \\
& + \frac{7ab\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d}{1152c^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{a^2x(c^2dx^2+d)^{3/2}}{24c^2} - \frac{b^2\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d c^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^6}{18\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{7b^2\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d c \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^4}{48\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} \\
& - \frac{b^2\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^2}{16c\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{ab\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d c^3 x^6}{18\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{7ab\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d c x^4}{48\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} - \frac{ab\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d x^2}{16c\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} \\
& + \frac{17ab\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)x^3}{24(c^2x^2+1)} - \frac{ab\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 d}{16\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}c^3} + \frac{11b^2\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 x^5}{24(c^2x^2+1)} \\
& + \frac{b^2\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}dx \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{16c^2(c^2x^2+1)} + \frac{b^2\sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}d c^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 x^7}{6(c^2x^2+1)}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 74: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 614 leaves, 23 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3} + \frac{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{5} + \frac{598b^2 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{225} + \frac{74b^2 d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{675} \\
& + \frac{2b^2 d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{125} + d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d} - \frac{2abc d^2 x \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{2b^2 c d^2 x \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{16bcd^2 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{15\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{22b^3 d^2 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{45\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{2b^5 d^2 x^5 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{25\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{2d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{2bd^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{2bd^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{2b^2 d^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{2b^2 d^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 1320 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{23 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{15(c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{2 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{polylog}(3, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{2 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{polylog}(3, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{2 a b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln(1 - cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{2 a b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 x^6 c^6}{5(c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{14 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 x^4 c^4}{15(c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{34 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 x^2 c^2}{15(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\
& - \frac{46 a b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 cx}{15 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{2 a b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 x^5 c^5}{25 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{22 a b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 x^3 c^3}{45 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{2 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^5 c^5}{25 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{22 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^3 c^3}{45 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{46 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) xc}{15 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{9394 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2}{3375(c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{a^2 d(c^2 dx^2 + d)^3 / 2}{3} \\
& - a^2 d^5 / 2 \ln\left(\frac{2d + 2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{x}\right) + a^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d} d^2 + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln(1 - cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{2 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \ln(1 + cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{2 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{2 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 x^6 c^6}{125(c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{532 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 x^4 c^4}{3375(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\
& + \frac{9872 b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 c^2 x^2}{3375(c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{2 a b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{2 a b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \operatorname{polylog}(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{46 a b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{15(c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{28 a b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^4 c^4}{15(c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{68 a b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^2 c^2}{15(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\
& + \frac{2 a b \sqrt{d(c^2 x^2 + 1)} d^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^6 c^6}{5(c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^5 / 2 a^2}{5}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 75: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 511 leaves, 27 steps):

$$-\frac{5 c^2 d (c^2 dx^2 + d)^3 / 2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3x} - \frac{(c^2 dx^2 + d)^5 / 2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3x^3} + \frac{7 b^2 c^4 d^2 x \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{12} - \frac{b^2 c^2 d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{3x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{b c d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{3 x^2} + \frac{5 c^4 d^2 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{2} - \frac{23 b^2 c^3 d^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x) \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{12 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& - \frac{5 b c^5 d^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{7 c^3 d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{5 c^3 d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^3 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{6 b \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{14 b c^3 d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \ln\left(1 - \frac{1}{(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2}\right) \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{7 b^2 c^3 d^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{1}{(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2}\right) \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{7 b c^3 d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}{3}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type ?, 3310 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 79: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{\sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 41 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3 b c \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}$$

Result(type 3, 119 leaves):

$$\frac{a^2 \ln\left(\frac{x c^2 d}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d} (c^2 x^2 + 1) \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^3}{3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} c d} + \frac{a b \sqrt{d} (c^2 x^2 + 1) \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)^2}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} c d}$$

Problem 80: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{x^4 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 281 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{b^2 c^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)}{3 x \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}} - \frac{b c (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}} - \frac{2 c^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}} \\
& - \frac{4 b c^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \ln\left(1 - \frac{1}{(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2}\right) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}} + \frac{2 b^2 c^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{1}{(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2}\right) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3 \sqrt{c^2 d x^2 + d}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}}{3 dx^3} + \frac{2 c^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}}{3 dx}$$

Result(type ?, 2146 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 82: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{x^4 (c^2 dx^2+d)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 438 leaves, 24 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{b^2 c^2 (c^2 x^2+1)}{3 dx \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} - \frac{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3 dx^3 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} + \frac{4 c^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3 dx \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} + \frac{8 c^4 x (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3 d \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} - \frac{bc (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{3 dx^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} \\ & + \frac{8 c^3 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{3 d \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} + \frac{20 b c^3 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\left(cx+\sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}\right)^2\right) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{3 d \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} \\ & - \frac{16 b c^3 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \ln\left(1+\left(cx+\sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}\right)^2\right) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{3 d \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} - \frac{b^2 c^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2,-\left(cx+\sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}\right)^2\right) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{d \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} \\ & - \frac{5 b^2 c^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2,\left(cx+\sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}\right)^2\right) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{3 d \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type ?, 2608 leaves): Display of huge result suppressed!

Problem 83: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^3 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(c^2 dx^2+d)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 294 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{x^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3 c^2 d (c^2 dx^2+d)^{3/2}} - \frac{b^2}{3 c^4 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} - \frac{2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3 c^4 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} - \frac{bx (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3 c^3 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1} \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} \\ & + \frac{10 b (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{arctan}\left(cx+\sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}\right) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{3 c^4 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} - \frac{5 I b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2,-I\left(cx+\sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}\right)\right) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{3 c^4 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} \\ & + \frac{5 I b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2,I\left(cx+\sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}\right)\right) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{3 c^4 d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2+d}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 4, 704 leaves):

$$-\frac{a^2 x^2}{c^2 d (c^2 dx^2+d)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 a^2}{3 d c^4 (c^2 dx^2+d)^{3/2}} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2+1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 x^2}{(c^2 x^2+1)^2 d^3 c^2} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2+1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x}{3 (c^2 x^2+1)^{3/2} d^3 c^3} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d (c^2 x^2+1)} x^2}{3 (c^2 x^2+1)^2 d^3 c^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{3(c^2x^2+1)^2 d^3 c^4} - \frac{b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)}}{3(c^2x^2+1)^2 d^3 c^4} + \frac{51b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln(1 - I(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}))}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} c^4 d^3} \\
& + \frac{51ab \sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + I)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} c^4 d^3} + \frac{51b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \operatorname{dilog}(1 - I(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}))}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} c^4 d^3} \\
& - \frac{51b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln(1 + I(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}))}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} c^4 d^3} - \frac{2ab \sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^2}{(c^2x^2+1)^2 d^3 c^2} - \frac{ab \sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} x}{3(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2} d^3 c^3} \\
& - \frac{4ab \sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3(c^2x^2+1)^2 d^3 c^4} - \frac{51ab \sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \ln(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1} - I)}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} c^4 d^3} - \frac{51b^2 \sqrt{d(c^2x^2+1)} \operatorname{dilog}(1 + I(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}))}{3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} c^4 d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 84: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{x (c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 534 leaves, 24 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3d(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}} - \frac{b^2}{3d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} - \frac{bcx(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3d^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2+1} \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} \\
& - \frac{14b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \arctan(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}) \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{3d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} - \frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \operatorname{arctanh}(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}) \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} \\
& - \frac{2b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, -cx - \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}) \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} + \frac{71b^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, -I(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1})) \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{3d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} \\
& - \frac{71b^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, I(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1})) \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{3d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} + \frac{2b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog}(2, cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}) \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} \\
& + \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, -cx - \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}) \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}} - \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{polylog}(3, cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}) \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{d^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 28 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{x (c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2}} dx$$

Problem 87: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{(a^2 cx^2 + c)^2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 358 leaves, 18 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{2c^2(a^2x^2+1)} - \frac{6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \arctan(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1})}{ac^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \arctan(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1})}{ac^2} + \frac{3 \operatorname{Ipolylog}(2, -I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{ac^2} \\ & - \frac{3 \operatorname{Iarcsinh}(ax)^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, -I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{2ac^2} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Ipolylog}(2, I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{ac^2} + \frac{3 \operatorname{Iarcsinh}(ax)^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{2ac^2} \\ & + \frac{3 \operatorname{Iarcsinh}(ax) \operatorname{polylog}(3, -I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{ac^2} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Iarcsinh}(ax) \operatorname{polylog}(3, I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{ac^2} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Ipolylog}(4, -I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{ac^2} \\ & + \frac{3 \operatorname{Ipolylog}(4, I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{ac^2} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{2ac^2\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 21 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{(a^2cx^2+c)^2} dx$$

Problem 88: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{(a^2cx^2+c)^3} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 447 leaves, 28 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}{4c^3(a^2x^2+1)} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{4ac^3(a^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} + \frac{x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{4c^3(a^2x^2+1)^2} + \frac{3x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{8c^3(a^2x^2+1)} - \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax) \arctan(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1})}{ac^3} \\ & + \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 \arctan(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1})}{4ac^3} - \frac{9 \operatorname{Iarcsinh}(ax)^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, -I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{8ac^3} - \frac{5 \operatorname{Ipolylog}(2, I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{2ac^3} \\ & - \frac{9 \operatorname{Iarcsinh}(ax) \operatorname{polylog}(3, I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{4ac^3} + \frac{9 \operatorname{Iarcsinh}(ax)^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{8ac^3} \\ & + \frac{9 \operatorname{Iarcsinh}(ax) \operatorname{polylog}(3, -I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{4ac^3} + \frac{5 \operatorname{Ipolylog}(2, -I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{2ac^3} - \frac{9 \operatorname{Ipolylog}(4, -I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{4ac^3} \\ & + \frac{9 \operatorname{Ipolylog}(4, I(ax + \sqrt{a^2x^2+1}))}{4ac^3} - \frac{1}{4ac^3\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}} + \frac{9 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^2}{8ac^3\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 21 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3}{(a^2cx^2+c)^3} dx$$

Problem 112: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 145 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{bc(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} + \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2 c} + \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{4(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2b^2 c} \\ & - \frac{\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{b^2 c} - \frac{\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{4(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{2b^2 c} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 4, 419 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{3}{8cb(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{8c^4 x^4 - 8c^3 x^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 8c^2 x^2 - 4\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx + 1}{16cb(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} + \frac{e^{\frac{4a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{4a}{b}\right)}{4cb^2} - \frac{2c^2 x^2 - 2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} cx + 1}{4cb(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} \\ & + \frac{e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2cb^2} \\ & - \frac{2bc^2 x^2 + 2bc\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x + 2 \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{2a}{b}\right) e^{-\frac{2a}{b}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) b + 2 \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{2a}{b}\right) e^{-\frac{2a}{b}} a + b}{4cb^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} \\ & - \frac{1}{16cb^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} \left(8x^4 b c^4 + 8\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x^3 b c^3 + 8bc^2 x^2 + 4bc\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x + 4e^{-\frac{4a}{b}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{4a}{b}\right) b \right. \\ & \left. + 4e^{-\frac{4a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{4a}{b}\right) a + b\right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 114: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2}}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 204 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{(c^2 x^2 + 1)^3}{bc(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} + \frac{15 \cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2 c} + \frac{3 \cosh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{4(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2 c} \\ & + \frac{3 \cosh\left(\frac{6a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{6(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16b^2 c} - \frac{15 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{16b^2 c} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{4(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{4b^2 c} \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{3 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{6(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{6a}{b}\right)}{16b^2c}$$

Result (type 4, 703 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{5}{16cb(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{32x^6c^6 - 32\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x^5c^5 + 48c^4x^4 - 32c^3x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + 18c^2x^2 - 6\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1}{64cb(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} \\ & + \frac{3e^{\frac{6a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{6a}{b}\right)}{32cb^2} - \frac{3(8c^4x^4 - 8c^3x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + 8c^2x^2 - 4\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1)}{32cb(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} + \frac{3e^{\frac{4a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{4a}{b}\right)}{8cb^2} \\ & - \frac{15(2c^2x^2 - 2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1)}{64cb(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} + \frac{15e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right)}{32cb^2} \\ & - \frac{15\left(2bc^2x^2 + 2bc\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x + 2 \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{2a}{b}\right)e^{-\frac{2a}{b}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)b + 2 \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{2a}{b}\right)e^{-\frac{2a}{b}}a + b\right)}{64cb^2(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} \\ & - \frac{1}{32cb^2(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} \left(3\left(8x^4bc^4 + 8\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x^3bc^3 + 8bc^2x^2 + 4bc\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x + 4e^{-\frac{4a}{b}} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{4a}{b}\right)b\right.\right. \\ & \left.\left.+ 4e^{-\frac{4a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{4a}{b}\right)a + b\right)\right) - \frac{1}{64cb^2(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} \left(32x^6bc^6 + 32\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x^5bc^5 + 48x^4bc^4 + 32\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x^3bc^3\right. \\ & \left.+ 18bc^2x^2 + 6bc\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x + 6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{6a}{b}\right)e^{-\frac{6a}{b}}b + 6 \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{6a}{b}\right)e^{-\frac{6a}{b}}a + b\right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 117: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 137 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{x^4}{bc(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{2(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2c^5} + \frac{\cosh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{4(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2b^2c^5} \\ & + \frac{\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{2(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{b^2c^5} - \frac{\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{4(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{4a}{b}\right)}{2b^2c^5} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 419 leaves):



$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{3}{8c^5b(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{8c^4x^4 - 8c^3x^3\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + 8c^2x^2 - 4\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1}{16c^5b(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} + \frac{e^{\frac{4a}{b}}\operatorname{Ei}_1\left(4\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{4a}{b}\right)}{4c^5b^2} \\
& + \frac{2c^2x^2 - 2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}cx + 1}{4c^5b(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{e^{\frac{2a}{b}}\operatorname{Ei}_1\left(2\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2c^5b^2} \\
& + \frac{2bc^2x^2 + 2bc\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x + 2\operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-2\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{2a}{b}\right)e^{-\frac{2a}{b}}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)b + 2\operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-2\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{2a}{b}\right)e^{-\frac{2a}{b}}a + b}{4c^5b^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} \\
& - \frac{1}{16c^5b^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} \left( 8x^4bc^4 + 8\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x^3bc^3 + 8bc^2x^2 + 4bc\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x + 4e^{-\frac{4a}{b}}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)\operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-4\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{4a}{b}\right)b \right. \\
& \left. + 4e^{-\frac{4a}{b}}\operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-4\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{4a}{b}\right)a + b \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 118: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 134 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{x^3}{bc(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{3\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^4} + \frac{3\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^4} + \frac{3\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^4} \\
& - \frac{3\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4b^2c^4}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 363 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{4c^3x^3 - 4c^2x^2\sqrt{c^2x^2+1} + 3cx - \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}}{8c^4b(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{3e^{\frac{3a}{b}}\operatorname{Ei}_1\left(3\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right)}{8c^4b^2} + \frac{3(cx - \sqrt{c^2x^2+1})}{8c^4b(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} + \frac{3e^{\frac{a}{b}}\operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{8c^4b^2} \\
& + \frac{3\left(e^{-\frac{a}{b}}\operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right)\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)b + e^{-\frac{a}{b}}\operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right)a + xbc + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}b\right)}{8c^4b^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} \\
& - \frac{4x^3bc^3 + 4\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x^2bc^2 + 3e^{-\frac{3a}{b}}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)\operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-3\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{3a}{b}\right)b + 3e^{-\frac{3a}{b}}\operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-3\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{3a}{b}\right)a + 3xbc + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}b}{8c^4b^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 119: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 73 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{x}{bc(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} + \frac{\operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right) \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^2} - \frac{\operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^2}$$

Result(type 4, 150 leaves):

$$-\frac{cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2c^2 b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{2c^2 b^2}$$

$$-\frac{e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) b + e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right) a + xbc + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} b}{2c^2 b^2(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}$$

Problem 125: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^3 (c^2 dx^2 + d)}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 / 2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 198 leaves, 27 steps):

$$-\frac{3d e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{32b^3 / 2 c^4} - \frac{3d \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{32b^3 / 2 c^4 e^{\frac{2a}{b}}} + \frac{d e^{\frac{6a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi}}{32b^3 / 2 c^4}$$

$$+ \frac{d \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi}}{32b^3 / 2 c^4 e^{\frac{6a}{b}}} - \frac{2dx^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^3 / 2}{bc \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}$$

Result(type 8, 26 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^3 (c^2 dx^2 + d)}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 / 2} dx$$

Problem 126: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^2 (c^2 dx^2 + d)}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 / 2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 266 leaves, 32 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{d e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{8 b^3 / 2 c^3} - \frac{d \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{8 b^3 / 2 c^3 e^{\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{d e^{\frac{3 a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{16 b^3 / 2 c^3} \\
& + \frac{d \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{16 b^3 / 2 c^3 e^{\frac{3 a}{b}}} - \frac{d e^{\frac{5 a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{5} \sqrt{\pi}}{16 b^3 / 2 c^3} + \frac{d \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{5} \sqrt{\pi}}{16 b^3 / 2 c^3 e^{\frac{5 a}{b}}} \\
& - \frac{2 d x^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3 / 2}}{b c \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 26 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^2 (c^2 d x^2 + d)}{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^3 / 2} dx$$

Problem 127: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^3 (c^2 d x^2 + d)^2}{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^3 / 2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 372 leaves, 32 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{3 d^2 e^{\frac{2 a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^4} + \frac{d^2 e^{\frac{8 a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^4} - \frac{3 d^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^4 e^{\frac{2 a}{b}}} \\
& + \frac{d^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^4 e^{\frac{8 a}{b}}} - \frac{d^2 e^{\frac{4 a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{2 \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{32 b^3 / 2 c^4} - \frac{d^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{2 \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{32 b^3 / 2 c^4 e^{\frac{4 a}{b}}} \\
& + \frac{d^2 e^{\frac{6 a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^4} + \frac{d^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^4 e^{\frac{6 a}{b}}} - \frac{2 d^2 x^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^5 / 2}{b c \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 28 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^3 (c^2 d x^2 + d)^2}{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^3 / 2} dx$$

Problem 128: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^2 (c^2 dx^2 + d)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 / 2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 366 leaves, 42 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{5 d^2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^3} - \frac{5 d^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^3 e^{\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{d^2 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^3} \\ & + \frac{d^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^3 e^{\frac{3a}{b}}} - \frac{3 d^2 e^{\frac{5a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{5} \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^3} + \frac{3 d^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{5} \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^3 e^{\frac{5a}{b}}} \\ & - \frac{d^2 e^{\frac{7a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{7} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{7} \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^3} + \frac{d^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{7} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{7} \sqrt{\pi}}{64 b^3 / 2 c^3 e^{\frac{7a}{b}}} - \frac{2 d^2 x^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^5 / 2}{b c \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 28 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^2 (c^2 dx^2 + d)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 / 2} dx$$

Problem 130: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (a^2 cx^2 + c)^3 / 2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 253 leaves, 24 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{c \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^3 / 2 \sqrt{a^2 cx^2 + c}}{4 a \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{c \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a^2 cx^2 + c}}{32 a \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{c \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a^2 cx^2 + c}}{32 a \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} \\ & + \frac{c \operatorname{erf}\left(2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}\right) \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a^2 cx^2 + c}}{256 a \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{c \operatorname{erfi}\left(2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}\right) \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a^2 cx^2 + c}}{256 a \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{x (a^2 cx^2 + c)^3 / 2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}}{4} \\ & + \frac{3 cx \sqrt{a^2 cx^2 + c} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)}}{8} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 21 leaves):

$$\int (a^2 cx^2 + c)^3 / 2 \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)} dx$$

Problem 134: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 203 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}{2} + \frac{a \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^5 \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}{5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} + \frac{3 a \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}{128 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} \\ & + \frac{3 a \operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}{128 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} - \frac{3 a \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{16 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} - \frac{3 x^2 \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}}{8 a \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^3 \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} \, dx$$

Problem 136: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}} \, dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 21 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{erfi}\left(\sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{2}$$

Result (type 8, 15 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1} \sqrt{\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)}} \, dx$$

Problem 140: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x (c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^n \, dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 706 leaves, 15 steps):

$$\frac{7^{-1-n} d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^n \Gamma\left(1 + n, -\frac{7(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{128 c^2 e^{\frac{7a}{b}} \left(\frac{-a - b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right)^n \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^n \Gamma\left(1 + n, -\frac{5(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{128 5^n c^2 e^{\frac{5a}{b}} \left(\frac{-a - b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right)^n \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{3^{1-n} d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^n \Gamma\left(1 + n, -\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{128 c^2 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \left(\frac{-a - b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right)^n \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{5 d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^n \Gamma\left(1 + n, \frac{-a - b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{128 c^2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \left(\frac{-a - b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right)^n \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{5 d^2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^n \Gamma\left(1 + n, \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{128 c^2 \left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right)^n \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{3^{1-n} d^2 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^n \Gamma\left(1 + n, \frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{128 c^2 \left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right)^n \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{d^2 e^{\frac{5a}{b}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^n \Gamma\left(1 + n, \frac{5(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{128 5^n c^2 \left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right)^n \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\
& + \frac{7^{-1-n} d^2 e^{\frac{7a}{b}} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^n \Gamma\left(1 + n, \frac{7(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{128 c^2 \left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right)^n \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 26 leaves):

$$\int x (c^2 dx^2 + d)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^n dx$$

Problem 141: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^n}{\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 105 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\frac{3^{-1-n} \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^n \Gamma(1 + n, -3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))}{8 a^4 (-\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))^n} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^n \Gamma(1 + n, -\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))}{8 a^4 (-\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))^n} - \frac{3 \Gamma(1 + n, \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))}{8 a^4} + \frac{3^{-1-n} \Gamma(1 + n, 3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))}{8 a^4}$$

Result(type 8, 23 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^n}{\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

Problem 142: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^n}{\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 45 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, -\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))}{2a^2 (-\operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))^n} + \frac{\Gamma(1+n, \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax))}{2a^2}$$

Result (type 8, 21 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x \operatorname{arcsinh}(ax)^n}{\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

Problem 143: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{d + Icdx} \sqrt{f - Icfx} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 119 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{d + Icdx} \sqrt{f - Icfx}}{2} - \frac{bcx^2 \sqrt{d + Icdx} \sqrt{f - Icfx}}{4\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{d + Icdx} \sqrt{f - Icfx}}{4bc\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}$$

Result (type 8, 31 leaves):

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{d + Icdx} \sqrt{f - Icfx} dx$$

Problem 144: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 371 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{Ibdx(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2}}{5(c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} - \frac{5bcdx^2 (d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2}}{16(c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} - \frac{2Ibc^2 dx^3 (d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2}}{15(c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} \\ & - \frac{bc^3 dx^4 (d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2}}{16(c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} - \frac{Ibc^4 dx^5 (d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2}}{25(c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2}} + \frac{dx(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{4} \\ & + \frac{3dx(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{8(c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{Id(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2} (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{5c} \end{aligned}$$

$$+ \frac{3d(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{16bc(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}}$$

Result(type 8, 31 leaves):

$$\int (d+Icdx)^{5/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Problem 145: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 201 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{5bcx^2(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}}{16(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{bc^3x^4(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}}{16(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} + \frac{x(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{4} \\ & + \frac{3x(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{8(c^2x^2+1)} + \frac{3(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{16bc(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 31 leaves):

$$\int (d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Problem 146: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 371 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{Ibfx(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}}{5(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{5bcfx^2(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}}{16(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} + \frac{2Ib^2fx^3(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}}{15(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} \\ & - \frac{bc^3fx^4(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}}{16(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} + \frac{Ib^4fx^5(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}}{25(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} + \frac{fx(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{4} \\ & + \frac{3fx(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{8(c^2x^2+1)} - \frac{If(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}(c^2x^2+1)(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{5c} \\ & + \frac{3f(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{16bc(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 31 leaves):

$$\int (d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{5/2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) dx$$

Problem 147: Unable to integrate problem.



$$\int \frac{(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{\sqrt{f - Icfx}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 222 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\frac{2Id^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{c\sqrt{d + Icdx} \sqrt{f - Icfx}} - \frac{d^2 x (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{2\sqrt{d + Icdx} \sqrt{f - Icfx}} - \frac{2Ibd^2 x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{d + Icdx} \sqrt{f - Icfx}} + \frac{bcd^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{4\sqrt{d + Icdx} \sqrt{f - Icfx}} + \frac{3d^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{4bc\sqrt{d + Icdx} \sqrt{f - Icfx}}$$

Result(type 8, 31 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{\sqrt{f - Icfx}} dx$$

Problem 148: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{(d + Icdx)^{3/2} \sqrt{f - Icfx}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 95 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{f(I + cx) (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{c (d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2}} - \frac{bf(c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2} \ln(I - cx)}{c (d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2}}$$

Result(type 8, 31 leaves):

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{(d + Icdx)^{3/2} \sqrt{f - Icfx}} dx$$

Problem 149: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{(d + Icdx)^{5/2} \sqrt{f - Icfx}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 244 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{Ibf^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2}}{3c(I - cx) (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} + \frac{2If^2 (1 - Icx) (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} + \frac{f^2 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3 (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} - \frac{Ibf^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} \arctan(cx)}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} - \frac{bf^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} \ln(c^2 x^2 + 1)}{6c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}}$$

Result(type 8, 31 leaves):

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{(d + Icdx)^{5/2} \sqrt{f - Icfx}} dx$$

Problem 150: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(d + Icdx)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{(f - Icfx)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 431 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3Ibd^4x(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}}{2(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}} + \frac{bcd^4x^2(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}}{(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}} + \frac{5bd^4(1+Icx)^2(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}}{4c(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}} + \frac{15bd^4(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{4c(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}} \\ & - \frac{2Id^4(1+Icx)^3(c^2x^2+1)(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{c(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}} - \frac{15Id^4(c^2x^2+1)^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{2c(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}} - \frac{5Id^4(1+Icx)(c^2x^2+1)^2(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{2c(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}} \\ & - \frac{15d^4(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{2c(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}} - \frac{8bd^4(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}\ln(I+cx)}{c(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 31 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(d + Icdx)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{(f - Icfx)^{3/2}} dx$$

Problem 151: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{d + Icdx}}{(f - Icfx)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 153 leaves, 8 steps):

$$- \frac{2Id^2(1+Icx)(c^2x^2+1)(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{c(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}} - \frac{d^2(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{2bc(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2bd^2(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}\ln(I+cx)}{c(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}}$$

Result (type 8, 31 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{d + Icdx}}{(f - Icfx)^{3/2}} dx$$

Problem 152: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{(f - Icfx)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + Icdx}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 96 leaves, 5 steps):

$$- \frac{d(1-cx)(c^2x^2+1)(a+b\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{c(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}} - \frac{bd(c^2x^2+1)^{3/2}\ln(I+cx)}{c(d+Icdx)^{3/2}(f-Icfx)^{3/2}}$$

Result (type 8, 31 leaves):

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{(f - Icfx)^{3/2} \sqrt{d + Icdx}} dx$$

Problem 153: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{(f - I c f x)^{5/2} \sqrt{d + I c d x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 243 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{I b d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2}}{3 c (I + c x) (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 I d^2 (1 + I c x) (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3 c (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} + \frac{d^2 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3 (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{I b d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} \arctan(cx)}{3 c (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} - \frac{b d^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} \ln(c^2 x^2 + 1)}{6 c (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 31 leaves):

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{(f - I c f x)^{5/2} \sqrt{d + I c d x}} dx$$

Problem 154: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 198 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{b^2 x \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}}{4} + \frac{x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}}{2} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}}{4 c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\ & - \frac{b c x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}}{2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}}{6 b c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 33 leaves):

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x} dx$$

Problem 155: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(f - I c f x)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{d + I c d x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 367 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{4 I b^2 f^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)}{c \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} - \frac{b^2 f^2 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)}{4 \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} - \frac{2 I f^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{c \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} - \frac{f^2 x (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{2 \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} \\ & + \frac{b^2 f^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{4 c \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} + \frac{4 I b f^2 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} + \frac{b c f^2 x^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2 \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} \\ & + \frac{f^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2 b c \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 33 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(f - I c f x)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{\sqrt{d + I c d x}} dx$$

Problem 156: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 \sqrt{d + I c d x}}{\sqrt{f - I c f x}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 217 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2 I b^2 d (c^2 x^2 + 1)}{c \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} + \frac{I d (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{c \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} - \frac{2 I a b d x \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} - \frac{2 I b^2 d x \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} \\ & + \frac{d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3 b c \sqrt{d + I c d x} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 33 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2 \sqrt{d + I c d x}}{\sqrt{f - I c f x}} dx$$

Problem 157: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{(d + I c d x)^{5/2} \sqrt{f - I c f x}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 833 leaves, 30 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{2 I b^2 f^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{3 c (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 b^2 f^2 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{3 (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} + \frac{b^2 f^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)}{3 c (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} + \frac{b f^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))}{3 c (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} \\ & - \frac{4 I b f^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \arctan\left(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{3 c (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} - \frac{b c f^2 x^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))}{3 (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} \\ & - \frac{2 I b f^2 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))}{3 (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} + \frac{f^2 x (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{3 (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} - \frac{c^2 f^2 x^3 (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{3 (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{2 f^2 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{3 (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} + \frac{f^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{3 c (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} + \frac{2 I f^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x))^2}{3 c (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} \\ & - \frac{2 b f^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(c x)) \ln\left(1 + \left(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{3 c (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} - \frac{2 b^2 f^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -1 \left(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{3 c (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{2 b^2 f^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, 1 \left(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{3 c (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} - \frac{b^2 f^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\left(c x + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{3 c (d + I c d x)^{5/2} (f - I c f x)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 33 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(d + Icdx)^{5/2} \sqrt{f - Icfx}} dx$$

Problem 158: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 212 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x(c^2x^2 + 1)(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2}} + \frac{(c^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{c(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2b(c^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \ln\left(1 + \left(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{c(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2}} \\ & - \frac{b^2(c^2x^2 + 1)^{3/2} \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{c(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 33 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{3/2}} dx$$

Problem 159: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(f - Icfx)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 492 leaves, 21 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{8d^4(c^2x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3c(d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} + \frac{d^4(c^2x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3}{3bc(d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{32bd^4(c^2x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \ln\left(1 + \frac{I}{cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}\right)}{3c(d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} - \frac{32b^2d^4(c^2x^2 + 1)^{5/2} \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{-I}{cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}\right)}{3c(d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{4bd^4(c^2x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sec\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{I \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{2}\right)^2}{3c(d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} + \frac{8Ib^2d^4(c^2x^2 + 1)^{5/2} \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{I \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{2}\right)}{3c(d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{8Id^4(c^2x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{I \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{2}\right)}{3c(d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} \\ & - \frac{2Id^4(c^2x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sec\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{I \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{2}\right)^2 \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{I \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{2}\right)}{3c(d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 33 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(f - Icfx)^{5/2}} dx$$

Problem 160: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 662 leaves, 21 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{Ib^2 d (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} - \frac{b^2 dx (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{3 (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} + \frac{bd (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{Ibdx (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3 (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} - \frac{Id (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} + \frac{dx (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3 (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{2dx (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3 (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} + \frac{2d (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{2Ibd (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \arctan\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} - \frac{4bd (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \ln\left(1 + \left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{b^2 d (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -I\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} - \frac{b^2 d (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, I\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)\right)}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} \\ & - \frac{2b^2 d (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 33 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(d + Icdx)^{3/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} dx$$

Problem 161: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 340 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{b^2 x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{3 (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} + \frac{b (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} + \frac{x (c^2 x^2 + 1) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3 (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} + \frac{2x (c^2 x^2 + 1)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3 (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} \\ & + \frac{2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} - \frac{4b (c^2 x^2 + 1)^{5/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \ln\left(1 + \left(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2\right)}{3c (d + Icdx)^{5/2} (f - Icfx)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{2b^2(c^2x^2+1)^{5/2} \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -(cx+\sqrt{c^2x^2+1})^2\right)}{3c(d+Ic dx)^{5/2}(f-Ic fx)^{5/2}}$$

Result(type 8, 33 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(d+Ic dx)^{5/2}(f-Ic fx)^{5/2}} dx$$

Problem 164: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (ex^2+d)^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 293 leaves, 17 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & 2b^2 d^2 x - \frac{8b^2 dex}{9c^2} + \frac{16b^2 e^2 x}{75c^4} + \frac{4b^2 dex^3}{27} - \frac{8b^2 e^2 x^3}{225c^2} + \frac{2b^2 e^2 x^5}{125} + d^2 x (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 + \frac{2dex^3 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{3} \\ & + \frac{e^2 x^5 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{5} - \frac{2bd^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{c} + \frac{8bde (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{9c^3} \\ & - \frac{16be^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{75c^5} - \frac{4bde x^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{9c} + \frac{8be^2 x^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{75c^3} \\ & - \frac{2be^2 x^4 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}}{25c} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 3, 619 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{c} \left( \frac{a^2 \left( \frac{1}{5} e^2 c^5 x^5 + \frac{2}{3} c^5 dex^3 + xc^5 d^2 \right)}{c^4} + \frac{1}{c^4} \left( b^2 \left( \frac{1}{3375} \left( e^2 \left( 675 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c^5 x^5 - 270 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1} c^4 x^4 + 2250 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left. \left. + 54 c^5 x^5 - 1140 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1} + 3375 cx \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 + 380 c^3 x^3 - 4470 \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + 4470 cx \right) \right) \right) \\ & + \frac{2c^2 de \left( 9 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 - 6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1} + 27 cx \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 + 2c^3 x^3 - 42 \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + 42 cx \right)}{27} \\ & - \frac{2e^2 \left( 9 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 - 6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1} + 27 cx \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 + 2c^3 x^3 - 42 \sqrt{c^2 x^2+1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + 42 cx \right)}{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + d^2 c^4 \left( cx \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 - 2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + 2cx \right) - 2c^2 de \left( cx \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 - 2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + 2cx \right) + e^2 \left( cx \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \right. \\
& \left. - 2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + 2cx \right) \Big) + \frac{1}{c^4} \left( 2ab \left( \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) e^2 c^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) c^5 dex^3}{3} + \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) d^2 c^5 x \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{c^4 x^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{5} - \frac{4c^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15} + \frac{8\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15} \right) - d^2 c^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - \frac{2c^2 de \left( \frac{c^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} \right)}{3} \right) \Big)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 165: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 719 leaves, 22 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \ln \left( 1 - \frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{e}} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{e}} \\
& + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \ln \left( 1 - \frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{e}} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}} \right)}{2\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{e}} \\
& - \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -\frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}} \right)}{\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{e}} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, \frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}} \right)}{\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{e}} \\
& - \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -\frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}} \right)}{\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{e}} + \frac{b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, \frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}} \right)}{\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{e}} \\
& + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 3, -\frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}} \right)}{\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{e}} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 3, \frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{-d} - \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}} \right)}{\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{e}} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 3, -\frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}} \right)}{\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{e}}
\end{aligned}$$



$$-\frac{b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) \sqrt{e}}{c\sqrt{-d} + \sqrt{-c^2 d + e}}\right)}{\sqrt{-d} \sqrt{e}}$$

Result(type 8, 22 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{ex^2 + d} dx$$

Problem 170: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(ex^2 + d)^2}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 469 leaves, 26 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{d^2 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2 c} - \frac{d e \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{2 b^2 c^3} + \frac{e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right)}{8 b^2 c^5} \\ & + \frac{3 d e \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{2 b^2 c^3} - \frac{9 e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16 b^2 c^5} + \frac{5 e^2 \cosh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{5(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right)}{16 b^2 c^5} \\ & - \frac{d^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^2 c} + \frac{d e \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2 b^2 c^3} - \frac{e^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{8 b^2 c^5} \\ & - \frac{3 d e \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{2 b^2 c^3} + \frac{9 e^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{3(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{16 b^2 c^5} - \frac{5 e^2 \operatorname{Chi}\left(\frac{5(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{b}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right)}{16 b^2 c^5} \\ & - \frac{d^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{b c (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{2 d e x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{b c (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{e^2 x^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{b c (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 4, 1035 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{c} \left( \frac{(16 c^5 x^5 - 16 c^4 x^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 20 c^3 x^3 - 12 c^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 5 c x - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) e^2}{32 c^4 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} + \frac{5 e^2 e^{\frac{5a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{5a}{b}\right)}{32 c^4 b^2} \right. \\ & - \frac{e^2 (16 c^5 x^5 + 20 c^3 x^3 + 16 c^4 x^4 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 5 c x + 12 c^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{32 c^4 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{5 e^2 e^{-\frac{5a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{5a}{b}\right)}{32 c^4 b^2} \\ & \left. + \frac{(cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d^2}{2 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} + \frac{d^2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{2 b^2} - \frac{(cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d e}{4 c^2 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{d e e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{4 c^2 b^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{(cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) e^2}{16 c^4 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} + \frac{e^2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{a}{b}\right)}{16 c^4 b^2} - \frac{d^2 (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{2 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{d^2 e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right)}{2 b^2} \\
& + \frac{d e (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{4 c^2 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} + \frac{d e e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right)}{4 c^2 b^2} - \frac{e^2 (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{16 c^4 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{e^2 e^{-\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{a}{b}\right)}{16 c^4 b^2} \\
& + \frac{(4 c^3 x^3 - 4 c^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 3 cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d e}{4 c^2 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{3 (4 c^3 x^3 - 4 c^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 3 cx - \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) e^2}{32 c^4 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} \\
& + \frac{3 e e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) d}{4 c^2 b^2} - \frac{9 e^2 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right)}{32 c^4 b^2} - \frac{e (4 c^3 x^3 + 3 cx + 4 c^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) d}{4 c^2 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} \\
& + \frac{3 e^2 (4 c^3 x^3 + 3 cx + 4 c^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{32 c^4 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))} - \frac{3 e e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{3a}{b}\right) d}{4 c^2 b^2} + \frac{9 e^2 e^{-\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{Ei}_1\left(-3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) - \frac{3a}{b}\right)}{32 c^4 b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 172: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e x^2 + d}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 219 leaves, 21 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{e e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{24 c^3 \sqrt{b}} + \frac{e \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{24 c^3 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \sqrt{b}} + \frac{d e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{2 c \sqrt{b}} \\
& - \frac{e e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{8 c^3 \sqrt{b}} + \frac{d \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{2 c e^{\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{b}} - \frac{e \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{8 c^3 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{b}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int \frac{e x^2 + d}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}} dx$$

Problem 173: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 281 leaves, 21 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{d e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{b^3 / 2 c} + \frac{e e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{4 b^3 / 2 c^3} + \frac{d \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{b^3 / 2 c e^{\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{e \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{4 b^3 / 2 c^3 e^{\frac{a}{b}}} \\ & - \frac{e e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{4 b^3 / 2 c^3} + \frac{e \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{4 b^3 / 2 c^3 e^{\frac{3a}{b}}} - \frac{2 d \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{b c \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}} - \frac{2 e x^2 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{b c \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int \frac{ex^2 + d}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3} dx$$

Problem 174: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 193 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{5 d (ex^2 + d)^{5/2}} + \frac{4 x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{15 d^2 (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} - \frac{8 b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{e} \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c \sqrt{ex^2 + d}}\right)}{15 d^3 \sqrt{e}} - \frac{b c \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15 d (c^2 d - e) (ex^2 + d)^{3/2}} + \frac{8 x(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))}{15 d^3 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} \\ & - \frac{2 b c (3 c^2 d - 2 e) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{15 d^2 (c^2 d - e)^2 \sqrt{ex^2 + d}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{(ex^2 + d)^{7/2}} dx$$

Test results for the 100 problems in "7.1.5 Inverse hyperbolic sine functions.txt"

Problem 2: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^3}{ex + d} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 402 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^4}{4e} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^3 \ln\left(1 + \frac{e(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1})}{cd - \sqrt{d^2c^2 + e^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^3 \ln\left(1 + \frac{e(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1})}{cd + \sqrt{d^2c^2 + e^2}}\right)}{e} \\
& + \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{e(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1})}{cd - \sqrt{d^2c^2 + e^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{e(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1})}{cd + \sqrt{d^2c^2 + e^2}}\right)}{e} \\
& - \frac{6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -\frac{e(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1})}{cd - \sqrt{d^2c^2 + e^2}}\right)}{e} - \frac{6 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -\frac{e(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1})}{cd + \sqrt{d^2c^2 + e^2}}\right)}{e} + \frac{6 \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, -\frac{e(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1})}{cd - \sqrt{d^2c^2 + e^2}}\right)}{e} \\
& + \frac{6 \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, -\frac{e(cx + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1})}{cd + \sqrt{d^2c^2 + e^2}}\right)}{e}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 16 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^3}{ex + d} dx$$

Problem 4: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 117 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{-a - b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{2e(ex + d)^2} - \frac{bc^3 d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{-c^2 dx + e}{\sqrt{d^2c^2 + e^2} \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}\right)}{2e(d^2c^2 + e^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bc\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{2(d^2c^2 + e^2)(ex + d)}$$

Result(type 3, 278 leaves):

$$-\frac{c^2 a}{2(cex + cd)^2 e} - \frac{c^2 b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{2(cex + cd)^2 e} - \frac{c^2 b \sqrt{\left(cx + \frac{cd}{e}\right)^2 - \frac{2cd\left(cx + \frac{cd}{e}\right)}{e} + \frac{d^2c^2 + e^2}{e^2}}}{2e(d^2c^2 + e^2)\left(cx + \frac{cd}{e}\right)}$$

$$c^3 b d \ln \left( \frac{\frac{2(d^2 c^2 + e^2)}{e^2} - \frac{2cd \left( cx + \frac{cd}{e} \right)}{e} + 2 \sqrt{\frac{d^2 c^2 + e^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\left( cx + \frac{cd}{e} \right)^2 - \frac{2cd \left( cx + \frac{cd}{e} \right)}{e} + \frac{d^2 c^2 + e^2}{e^2}}}{cx + \frac{cd}{e}} \right)$$


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$$2e^2 (d^2 c^2 + e^2) \sqrt{\frac{d^2 c^2 + e^2}{e^2}}$$

Problem 6: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{ex + d} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 331 leaves, 10 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^3}{3be} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{e \left( cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{cd - \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{e \left( cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{cd + \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e} \\ & + \frac{2b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -\frac{e \left( cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{cd - \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e} + \frac{2b(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -\frac{e \left( cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{cd + \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e} \\ & - \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 3, -\frac{e \left( cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{cd - \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e} - \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 3, -\frac{e \left( cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{cd + \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{ex + d} dx$$

Problem 8: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{(ex + d)^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 365 leaves, 13 steps):

$$- \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2}{2e(ex + d)^2} + \frac{b^2 c^2 \ln(ex + d)}{e(d^2 c^2 + e^2)} + \frac{bc^3 d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \ln \left( 1 + \frac{e \left( cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{cd - \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e(d^2 c^2 + e^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{b c^3 d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \ln \left( 1 + \frac{e (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{cd + \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e (d^2 c^2 + e^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{b^2 c^3 d \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -\frac{e (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{cd - \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e (d^2 c^2 + e^2)^{3/2}} \\
& - \frac{b^2 c^3 d \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -\frac{e (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{cd + \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e (d^2 c^2 + e^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{bc (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{(d^2 c^2 + e^2) (ex + d)}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 4, 1012 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{c^2 a^2}{2 (cex + cd)^2 e} - \frac{c^4 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 d^2}{2 e (cex + cd)^2 (d^2 c^2 + e^2)} - \frac{c^3 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) e \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} x}{(cex + cd)^2 (d^2 c^2 + e^2)} - \frac{c^3 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) d \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}}{(cex + cd)^2 (d^2 c^2 + e^2)} + \frac{c^4 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) ex^2}{(cex + cd)^2 (d^2 c^2 + e^2)} \\
& + \frac{2 c^4 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) xd}{(cex + cd)^2 (d^2 c^2 + e^2)} + \frac{c^4 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) d^2}{e (cex + cd)^2 (d^2 c^2 + e^2)} - \frac{c^2 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 e}{2 (cex + cd)^2 (d^2 c^2 + e^2)} - \frac{2 c^2 b^2 \ln (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})}{e (d^2 c^2 + e^2)} \\
& + \frac{c^2 b^2 \ln \left( 2cd (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) + e (cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})^2 - e \right)}{e (d^2 c^2 + e^2)} + \frac{c^3 b^2 d \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln \left( \frac{-(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) e - cd + \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}}{-cd + \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e (d^2 c^2 + e^2)^{3/2}} \\
& - \frac{c^3 b^2 d \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln \left( \frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) e + cd + \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}}{cd + \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e (d^2 c^2 + e^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{c^3 b^2 d \operatorname{dilog} \left( \frac{-(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) e - cd + \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}}{-cd + \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e (d^2 c^2 + e^2)^{3/2}} \\
& - \frac{c^3 b^2 d \operatorname{dilog} \left( \frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}) e + cd + \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}}{cd + \sqrt{d^2 c^2 + e^2}} \right)}{e (d^2 c^2 + e^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{c^2 ab \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{(cex + cd)^2 e} - \frac{c^2 ab \sqrt{\left( cx + \frac{cd}{e} \right)^2 - \frac{2cd \left( cx + \frac{cd}{e} \right)}{e} + \frac{d^2 c^2 + e^2}{e^2}}}{e (d^2 c^2 + e^2) \left( cx + \frac{cd}{e} \right)} \\
& - \frac{c^3 ab d \ln \left( \frac{\frac{2 (d^2 c^2 + e^2)}{e^2} - \frac{2cd \left( cx + \frac{cd}{e} \right)}{e} + 2 \sqrt{\frac{d^2 c^2 + e^2}{e^2}} \sqrt{\left( cx + \frac{cd}{e} \right)^2 - \frac{2cd \left( cx + \frac{cd}{e} \right)}{e} + \frac{d^2 c^2 + e^2}{e^2}}}{cx + \frac{cd}{e}} \right)}{e^2 (d^2 c^2 + e^2) \sqrt{\frac{d^2 c^2 + e^2}{e^2}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 12: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (gx + f)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 373 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{f^2 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{2} + \frac{g^2 x (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{8c^2} + \frac{g^2 x^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{4} \\ & + \frac{2fg(c^2 x^2 + 1)(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)) \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{3c^2} - \frac{2bfgx \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{3c\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{bcf^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{4\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{bg^2 x^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{16c\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{2bcfgx^3 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{9\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\ & - \frac{bcg^2 x^4 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{16\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{f^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{4bc\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{g^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx))^2 \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{16bc^3\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 3, 790 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{af^2 x \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{2} + \frac{af^2 d \ln\left(\frac{xc^2 d}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}\right)}{2\sqrt{c^2 d}} + \frac{ag^2 x (c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}}{4c^2 d} - \frac{ag^2 x \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}}{8c^2} - \frac{ag^2 d \ln\left(\frac{xc^2 d}{\sqrt{c^2 d}} + \sqrt{c^2 dx^2 + d}\right)}{8c^2 \sqrt{c^2 d}} \\ & + \frac{2afg(c^2 dx^2 + d)^{3/2}}{3c^2 d} - \frac{2b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1)fgcx^3}{9\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{4b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1)fg \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^2}{3(c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{2b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1)fgx}{3c\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\ & + \frac{b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 f^2}{4\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} c} - \frac{b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2 g^2}{16\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} c^3} - \frac{b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) g^2}{128c^3 \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) f^2}{8c\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\ & + \frac{2b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) fg c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^4}{3(c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) f^2 c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^3}{2(c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) f^2 c x^2}{4\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) f^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x}{2(c^2 x^2 + 1)} \\ & + \frac{b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) g^2 c^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^5}{4(c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) g^2 c x^4}{16\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{3b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) g^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x^3}{8(c^2 x^2 + 1)} - \frac{b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) g^2 x^2}{16c\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} \\ & + \frac{b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) g^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) x}{8c^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} + \frac{2b\sqrt{d}(c^2 x^2 + 1) fg \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)}{3c^2 (c^2 x^2 + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 18: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\ln(h(gx+f)^m)}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 223 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\frac{m \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx)^2}{2c} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln(h(gx+f)^m)}{c} - \frac{m \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln\left(1 + \frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 + g^2}}\right)}{c} - \frac{m \operatorname{arcsinh}(cx) \ln\left(1 + \frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 + g^2}}\right)}{c}$$

$$-\frac{m \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})g}{cf - \sqrt{c^2 f^2 + g^2}}\right)}{c} - \frac{m \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{(cx + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1})g}{cf + \sqrt{c^2 f^2 + g^2}}\right)}{c}$$

Result(type 8, 24 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\ln(h(gx+f)^m)}{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}} dx$$

Problem 24: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 550 leaves, 21 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{3b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2}{2(a^2+1)} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3}{2x^2} + \frac{3b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \ln\left(1 - \frac{bx+a + \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{a - \sqrt{a^2+1}}\right)}{a^2+1} \\ & + \frac{3ab^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2 \ln\left(1 - \frac{bx+a + \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{a - \sqrt{a^2+1}}\right)}{2(a^2+1)^{3/2}} + \frac{3b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \ln\left(1 - \frac{bx+a + \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{a + \sqrt{a^2+1}}\right)}{a^2+1} \\ & - \frac{3ab^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2 \ln\left(1 - \frac{bx+a + \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{a + \sqrt{a^2+1}}\right)}{2(a^2+1)^{3/2}} + \frac{3b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{bx+a + \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{a - \sqrt{a^2+1}}\right)}{a^2+1} \\ & + \frac{3ab^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{bx+a + \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{a - \sqrt{a^2+1}}\right)}{(a^2+1)^{3/2}} + \frac{3b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{bx+a + \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{a + \sqrt{a^2+1}}\right)}{a^2+1} \\ & - \frac{3ab^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{bx+a + \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{a + \sqrt{a^2+1}}\right)}{(a^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{3ab^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{bx+a + \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{a - \sqrt{a^2+1}}\right)}{(a^2+1)^{3/2}} \\ & + \frac{3ab^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{bx+a + \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{a + \sqrt{a^2+1}}\right)}{(a^2+1)^{3/2}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^2 \sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{2(a^2+1)x} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 14 leaves):



$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)^3}{x^3} dx$$

Problem 28: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 92 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\pi}}{4d} - \frac{\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{b} \sqrt{\pi}}{4d e^{\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{(dx+c) \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{d}$$

Result(type 8, 14 leaves):

$$\int \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)} dx$$

Problem 29: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^3 /2 dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 263 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{c(dx+c)(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^3 /2}{d^2} + \frac{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^3 /2 \cosh(2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))}{4d^2} \\ & - \frac{3b^3 /2 e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{128d^2} + \frac{3b^3 /2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{128d^2 e^{\frac{2a}{b}}} \\ & - \frac{3b^3 /2 c e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{8d^2} - \frac{3b^3 /2 c \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{8d^2 e^{\frac{a}{b}}} \\ & - \frac{3b \sinh(2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)) \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{16d^2} + \frac{3bc \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{2d^2} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 16 leaves):

$$\int x (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^3 /2 dx$$

Problem 30: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^3 / 2 \, dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 121 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\frac{(dx + c) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^3 / 2}{d} + \frac{3 b^3 / 2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{8 d} + \frac{3 b^3 / 2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{8 d e^{\frac{a}{b}}}$$

$$- \frac{3 b \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{2 d}$$

Result(type 8, 14 leaves):

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^3 / 2 \, dx$$

Problem 31: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^7 / 2} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 158 leaves, 10 steps):

$$-\frac{4(dx + c)}{15 b^2 d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^3 / 2} - \frac{4 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{15 b^7 / 2 d} + \frac{4 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{15 b^7 / 2 d e^{\frac{a}{b}}}$$

$$- \frac{2 \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}}{5 b d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^5 / 2} - \frac{8 \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}}{15 b^3 d \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}$$

Result(type 8, 14 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^7 / 2} \, dx$$

Problem 38: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (dex + ce)^m (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^2 \, dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 169 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{(e(dx + c))^{1+m} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^2}{d e (1 + m)} - \frac{2 b (e(dx + c))^{2+m} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)) \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{m}{2}\right], \left[2 + \frac{m}{2}\right], -(dx + c)^2\right)}{d e^2 (1 + m) (2 + m)}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^2 (e(dx+c))^{3+m} \text{HypergeometricPFQ}\left(\left[1, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right], \left[2 + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{5}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right], -(dx+c)^2\right)}{de^3(1+m)(2+m)(3+m)}$$

Result (type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int (dex+ce)^m (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^2 dx$$

Problem 41: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^3}{dex+ce} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 179 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^4}{4bde} + \frac{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^3 \ln\left(1 - \frac{1}{(dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})^2}\right)}{de} \\ & - \frac{3b(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{1}{(dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})^2}\right)}{2de} \\ & - \frac{3b^2(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)) \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{1}{(dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})^2}\right)}{2de} - \frac{3b^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, \frac{1}{(dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})^2}\right)}{4de} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 735 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^3 \ln(dx+c)}{de} - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^4}{4de} + \frac{b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^3 \ln(1+dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de} \\ & + \frac{3b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}\right)}{de} - \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}\right)}{de} \\ & + \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, -dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}\right)}{de} + \frac{b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^3 \ln(1-dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de} \\ & + \frac{3b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}\right)}{de} - \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}\right)}{de} \\ & + \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(4, dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}\right)}{de} - \frac{ab^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^3}{de} + \frac{3ab^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2 \ln(1+dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de} \\ & + \frac{6ab^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}\right)}{de} - \frac{6ab^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}\right)}{de} \\ & + \frac{3ab^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2 \ln(1-dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de} + \frac{6ab^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}\right)}{de} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{6 a b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, dx + c + \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}\right)}{d e} - \frac{3 a^2 b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)^2}{2 d e} + \frac{3 a^2 b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c) \ln\left(1 + dx + c + \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}\right)}{d e} \\
& + \frac{3 a^2 b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -dx - c - \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}\right)}{d e} + \frac{3 a^2 b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c) \ln\left(1 - dx - c - \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}\right)}{d e} \\
& + \frac{3 a^2 b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, dx + c + \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}\right)}{d e}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 42: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (d e x + c e)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 319 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{45 b^4 e^3 (d x + c)^2}{128 d} + \frac{3 b^4 e^3 (d x + c)^4}{128 d} - \frac{45 b^2 e^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^2}{128 d} - \frac{9 b^2 e^3 (d x + c)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^2}{16 d} \\
& + \frac{3 b^2 e^3 (d x + c)^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^2}{16 d} - \frac{3 e^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^4}{32 d} + \frac{e^3 (d x + c)^4 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^4}{4 d} \\
& + \frac{45 b^3 e^3 (d x + c) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)) \sqrt{1 + (d x + c)^2}}{64 d} - \frac{3 b^3 e^3 (d x + c)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)) \sqrt{1 + (d x + c)^2}}{32 d} \\
& + \frac{3 b e^3 (d x + c) (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^3 \sqrt{1 + (d x + c)^2}}{8 d} - \frac{b e^3 (d x + c)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^3 \sqrt{1 + (d x + c)^2}}{4 d}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 682 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{d} \left( \frac{(d x + c)^4 e^3 a^4}{4} + e^3 b^4 \left( \frac{(d x + c)^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)^4 (1 + (d x + c)^2)}{4} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)^4 (1 + (d x + c)^2)}{4} \right) \right. \\
& - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)^3 (d x + c) (1 + (d x + c)^2)^{3/2}}{4} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)^3 \sqrt{1 + (d x + c)^2} (d x + c)}{8} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)^4}{32} \\
& + \frac{3 (d x + c)^2 (1 + (d x + c)^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)^2}{16} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c) (d x + c) (1 + (d x + c)^2)^{3/2}}{32} \\
& + \frac{51 (d x + c) \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c) \sqrt{1 + (d x + c)^2}}{64} + \frac{51 \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)^2}{128} + \frac{3 (d x + c)^2 (1 + (d x + c)^2)}{128} - \frac{3 (1 + (d x + c)^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)^2}{4} \\
& - \left. \frac{3 (d x + c)^2}{8} - \frac{3}{8} \right) + 4 e^3 a b^3 \left( \frac{(d x + c)^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)^3 (1 + (d x + c)^2)}{4} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)^3 (1 + (d x + c)^2)}{4} \right) \\
& - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)^2 (d x + c) (1 + (d x + c)^2)^{3/2}}{16} + \frac{15 (d x + c) \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)^2 \sqrt{1 + (d x + c)^2}}{32} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)^3}{32} \\
& + \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c) (d x + c)^2 (1 + (d x + c)^2)}{32} - \frac{3 (d x + c) (1 + (d x + c)^2)^{3/2}}{128} + \frac{51 (d x + c) \sqrt{1 + (d x + c)^2}}{256} + \frac{51 \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)}{256}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{3(1+(dx+c)^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}{8} \Big) + 6e^3 a^2 b^2 \left( \frac{(dx+c)^2(1+(dx+c)^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2}{4} - \frac{(1+(dx+c)^2) \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2}{4} \right. \\
& - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)(dx+c)(1+(dx+c)^2)^{3/2}}{8} + \frac{5(dx+c) \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c) \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{16} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2}{32} \\
& + \left. \frac{(dx+c)^2(1+(dx+c)^2)}{32} - \frac{(dx+c)^2}{8} - \frac{1}{8} \right) + 4e^3 a^3 b \left( \frac{(dx+c)^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}{4} - \frac{(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{16} \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{3(dx+c) \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{32} - \frac{3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}{32} \right) \Big)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 43: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (dex+ce)^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^4 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 255 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{160b^4 e^2 x}{27} + \frac{8b^4 e^2 (dx+c)^3}{81d} - \frac{8b^2 e^2 (dx+c)(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^2}{3d} + \frac{4b^2 e^2 (dx+c)^3 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^2}{9d} \\
& + \frac{e^2 (dx+c)^3 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^4}{3d} + \frac{160b^3 e^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)) \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{27d} \\
& - \frac{8b^3 e^2 (dx+c)^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)) \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{27d} + \frac{8b e^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^3 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{9d} \\
& - \frac{4b e^2 (dx+c)^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^3 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{9d}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 3, 566 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{d} \left( \frac{(dx+c)^3 e^2 a^4}{3} + e^2 b^4 \left( \frac{(dx+c) \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^4 (1+(dx+c)^2)}{3} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^4 (dx+c)}{3} \right. \right. \\
& - \frac{4(dx+c)^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{9} + \frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^3 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{9} + \frac{4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2 (dx+c)(1+(dx+c)^2)}{9} \\
& - \frac{28(dx+c) \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2}{9} - \frac{8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{27} + \frac{160 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c) \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{27} \\
& \left. + \frac{8(dx+c)(1+(dx+c)^2)}{81} - \frac{488dx}{81} - \frac{488c}{81} \right) + 4e^2 a b^3 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^3 (dx+c)(1+(dx+c)^2)}{3} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^3 (dx+c)}{3} \right. \\
& - \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2 (dx+c)^2 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{3} + \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{3} + \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)(dx+c)(1+(dx+c)^2)}{9} \\
& \left. - \frac{14 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)(dx+c)}{9} - \frac{2(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{27} + \frac{40 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{27} \right) + 6e^2 a^2 b^2 \left( \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2 (dx+c)(1+(dx+c)^2)}{3} \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{(dx+c) \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2}{3} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c) (dx+c)^2 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{9} + \frac{4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c) \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{9} + \frac{2(dx+c)(1+(dx+c)^2)}{27} \\
& - \left. \left. \frac{14dx}{27} - \frac{14c}{27} \right) + 4e^2 a^3 b \left( \frac{(dx+c)^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}{3} - \frac{(dx+c)^2 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{9} + \frac{2\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{9} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 44: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^4}{(dex+ce)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 299 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^4}{de^2(dx+c)} - \frac{8b(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} \\
& - \frac{12b^2(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, -dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} + \frac{12b^2(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} \\
& + \frac{24b^3(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)) \operatorname{polylog}(3, -dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} - \frac{24b^3(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)) \operatorname{polylog}(3, dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} \\
& - \frac{24b^4 \operatorname{polylog}(4, -dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} + \frac{24b^4 \operatorname{polylog}(4, dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 819 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{a^4}{de^2(dx+c)} - \frac{b^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^4}{de^2(dx+c)} - \frac{4b^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^3 \ln(1+dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} \\
& - \frac{12b^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, -dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} + \frac{24b^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog}(3, -dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} \\
& - \frac{24b^4 \operatorname{polylog}(4, -dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} + \frac{4b^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^3 \ln(1-dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} \\
& + \frac{12b^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2 \operatorname{polylog}(2, dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} - \frac{24b^4 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog}(3, dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} \\
& + \frac{24b^4 \operatorname{polylog}(4, dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} - \frac{4ab^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^3}{de^2(dx+c)} + \frac{12ab^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2 \ln(1-dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} \\
& + \frac{24ab^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog}(2, dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} - \frac{24ab^3 \operatorname{polylog}(3, dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} \\
& - \frac{12ab^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)^2 \ln(1+dx+c+\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2} - \frac{24ab^3 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c) \operatorname{polylog}(2, -dx-c-\sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2})}{de^2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{24 a^3 b^3 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -dx - c - \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}\right)}{d e^2} - \frac{6 a^2 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)^2}{d e^2 (dx + c)} - \frac{12 a^2 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c) \ln\left(1 + dx + c + \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}\right)}{d e^2} \\
& - \frac{12 a^2 b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -dx - c - \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}\right)}{d e^2} + \frac{12 a^2 b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c) \ln\left(1 - dx - c - \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}\right)}{d e^2} \\
& + \frac{12 a^2 b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, dx + c + \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}\right)}{d e^2} - \frac{4 a^3 b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}{d e^2 (dx + c)} - \frac{4 a^3 b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}}\right)}{d e^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 49: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (dex + ce)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^3 / 2 \, dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 265 leaves, 24 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{e^2 (dx + c)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^3 / 2}{3 d} + \frac{b^3 / 2 e^2 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{288 d} \\
& + \frac{b^3 / 2 e^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{288 d e^{\frac{3a}{b}}} - \frac{3 b^3 / 2 e^2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{32 d} \\
& - \frac{3 b^3 / 2 e^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{32 d e^{\frac{a}{b}}} + \frac{b e^2 \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{3 d} \\
& - \frac{b e^2 (dx + c)^2 \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{6 d}
\end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int (dex + ce)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^3 / 2 \, dx$$

Problem 50: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^3 / 2 \, dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 121 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\frac{(dx+c)(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^3 / 2}{d} + \frac{3 b^3 / 2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{8 d} + \frac{3 b^3 / 2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{8 d e^{\frac{a}{b}}}$$

$$- \frac{3 b \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{2 d}$$

Result(type 8, 14 leaves):

$$\int (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^3 / 2 \, dx$$

Problem 52: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (dex+ce)^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^7 / 2 \, dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 398 leaves, 35 steps):

$$- \frac{35 b^2 e^2 (dx+c)(a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^3 / 2}{18 d} + \frac{35 b^2 e^2 (dx+c)^3 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^3 / 2}{108 d} + \frac{e^2 (dx+c)^3 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^7 / 2}{3 d}$$

$$+ \frac{35 b^7 / 2 e^2 e^{\frac{3a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{10368 d} + \frac{35 b^7 / 2 e^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\pi}}{10368 d e^{\frac{3a}{b}}}$$

$$- \frac{105 b^7 / 2 e^2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{128 d} - \frac{105 b^7 / 2 e^2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{128 d e^{\frac{a}{b}}}$$

$$+ \frac{7 b e^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^5 / 2 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{9 d} - \frac{7 b e^2 (dx+c)^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^5 / 2 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2}}{18 d}$$

$$+ \frac{175 b^3 e^2 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{54 d} - \frac{35 b^3 e^2 (dx+c)^2 \sqrt{1+(dx+c)^2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{216 d}$$

Result(type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int (dex+ce)^2 (a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c))^7 / 2 \, dx$$

Problem 53: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(dex+ce)^3}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}} \, dx$$



Optimal(type 4, 171 leaves, 15 steps):

$$\frac{e^3 e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{16 d \sqrt{b}} - \frac{e^3 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{16 d e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \sqrt{b}} - \frac{e^3 e^{\frac{4a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{32 d \sqrt{b}}$$

$$+ \frac{e^3 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{32 d e^{\frac{4a}{b}} \sqrt{b}}$$

Result(type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(dex+ce)^3}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}} dx$$

Problem 54: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{dex+ce}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 87 leaves, 10 steps):

$$-\frac{e e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{8 d \sqrt{b}} + \frac{e \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{8 d e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \sqrt{b}}$$

Result(type 8, 23 leaves):

$$\int \frac{dex+ce}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}} dx$$

Problem 55: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 71 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{2 d \sqrt{b}} + \frac{\operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx+c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{2 d e^{\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{b}}$$

Result(type 8, 14 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}} dx$$

Problem 56: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 272 leaves, 26 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{2 e^3 e^{\frac{4a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{3 b^5 / 2 d} + \frac{2 e^3 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{3 b^5 / 2 d e^{\frac{4a}{b}}} + \frac{e^3 e^{\frac{2a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{3 b^5 / 2 d} \\ & - \frac{e^3 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{3 b^5 / 2 d e^{\frac{2a}{b}}} - \frac{2 e^3 (dx + c)^3 \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}}{3 b d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^{3/2}} - \frac{4 e^3 (dx + c)^2}{b^2 d \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}} \\ & - \frac{16 e^3 (dx + c)^4}{3 b^2 d \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(dex + ce)^3}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

Problem 57: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 127 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2 e^{\frac{a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{3 b^5 / 2 d} + \frac{2 \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{3 b^5 / 2 d e^{\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{2 \sqrt{1 + (dx + c)^2}}{3 b d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^{3/2}} - \frac{4 (dx + c)}{3 b^2 d \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 14 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^{5/2}} dx$$

Problem 59: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{d e x + c e}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 210 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{4 e}{15 b^2 d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^3 / 2} - \frac{8 e (d x + c)^2}{15 b^2 d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^3 / 2} + \frac{8 e e^{\frac{2 a}{b}} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{15 b^7 / 2 d} \\ & + \frac{8 e \operatorname{erfi}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi}}{15 b^7 / 2 d e^{\frac{2 a}{b}}} - \frac{2 e (d x + c) \sqrt{1 + (d x + c)^2}}{5 b d (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^5 / 2} - \frac{32 e (d x + c) \sqrt{1 + (d x + c)^2}}{15 b^3 d \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 23 leaves):

$$\int \frac{d e x + c e}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^{7/2}} dx$$

Problem 64: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (d e x + c e)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^2 dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 110 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2 (e (d x + c))^5 / 2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^2}{5 d e} - \frac{8 b (e (d x + c))^{7/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)) \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}\right], \left[\frac{11}{4}\right], -(d x + c)^2\right)}{35 d e^2} \\ & + \frac{16 b^2 (e (d x + c))^9 / 2 \operatorname{HypergeometricPFQ}\left(\left[1, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{9}{4}\right], \left[\frac{11}{4}, \frac{13}{4}\right], -(d x + c)^2\right)}{315 d e^3} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int (d e x + c e)^{3/2} (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^2 dx$$

Problem 65: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^2 \sqrt{d e x + c e} dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 110 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{2 (e (d x + c))^3 / 2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c))^2}{3 d e} - \frac{8 b (e (d x + c))^5 / 2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(d x + c)) \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}\right], \left[\frac{9}{4}\right], -(d x + c)^2\right)}{15 d e^2}$$

$$+ \frac{16 b^2 (e (dx + c))^{7/2} \text{HypergeometricPFQ}\left(\left[1, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{7}{4}\right], \left[\frac{9}{4}, \frac{11}{4}\right], -(dx + c)^2\right)}{105 d e^3}$$

Result(type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^2 \sqrt{dex + ce} \, dx$$

Problem 66: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^2}{(dex + ce)^{5/2}} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 110 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^2}{3 d e (e (dx + c))^{3/2}} - \frac{8 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)) \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{3}{4}\right], -(dx + c)^2\right)}{3 d e^2 \sqrt{e (dx + c)}} \\ & + \frac{16 b^2 \text{HypergeometricPFQ}\left(\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, 1\right], \left[\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}\right], -(dx + c)^2\right) \sqrt{e (dx + c)}}{3 d e^3} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^2}{(dex + ce)^{5/2}} \, dx$$

Problem 67: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^2}{(dex + ce)^{7/2}} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 110 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{2 (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^2}{5 d e (e (dx + c))^{5/2}} - \frac{8 b (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c)) \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right], \left[\frac{1}{4}\right], -(dx + c)^2\right)}{15 d e^2 (e (dx + c))^{3/2}} \\ & - \frac{16 b^2 \text{HypergeometricPFQ}\left(\left[-\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{4}, 1\right], \left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}\right], -(dx + c)^2\right)}{15 d e^3 \sqrt{e (dx + c)}} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(dx + c))^2}{(dex + ce)^{7/2}} \, dx$$

Problem 73: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1)^{3/2} \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)^2 dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 165 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{(b x + a) (1 + (b x + a)^2)^{3/2}}{32 b} - \frac{9 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)}{64 b} - \frac{3 (b x + a)^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)}{8 b} - \frac{(1 + (b x + a)^2)^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)}{8 b} \\ & + \frac{(b x + a) (1 + (b x + a)^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)^2}{4 b} + \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)^3}{8 b} + \frac{15 (b x + a) \sqrt{1 + (b x + a)^2}}{64 b} \\ & + \frac{3 (b x + a) \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)^2 \sqrt{1 + (b x + a)^2}}{8 b} \end{aligned}$$

Result(type 3, 478 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{64 b} \left( 16 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)^2 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1} x^3 b^3 - 8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a) x^4 b^4 + 48 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)^2 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1} x^2 a b^2 - 32 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a) x^3 a b^3 \right. \\ & + 48 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)^2 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1} x a^2 b + 2 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1} x^3 b^3 - 48 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a) x^2 a^2 b^2 + 16 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)^2 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1} a^3 \\ & + 6 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1} x^2 a b^2 - 32 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a) x a^3 b + 40 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)^2 x b \\ & + 6 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1} x a^2 b - 40 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a) x^2 b^2 - 8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a) a^4 + 40 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1} \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)^2 a \\ & + 2 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1} a^3 - 80 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a) x a b + 17 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1} x b + 8 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a)^3 - 40 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a) a^2 \\ & \left. + 17 \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1} a - 17 \operatorname{arcsinh}(b x + a) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 82: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x \operatorname{arcsinh}(a x^n) dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 53 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{x^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}(a x^n)}{2} - \frac{a n x^{2+n} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+n}{2n}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{n}\right], -a^2 x^{2n}\right)}{2(2+n)}$$

Result(type 8, 10 leaves):

$$\int x \operatorname{arcsinh}(a x^n) dx$$

Problem 83: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(a x^n)}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal(type 5, 57 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(a x^n)}{x} - \frac{a n x^{-1+n} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{-1+n}{2n}\right], \left[\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2n}\right], -a^2 x^{2n}\right)}{1-n}$$

Result(type 8, 12 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arcsinh}(a x^n)}{x^2} dx$$

Problem 84: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(1 + dx^2))^2 dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 69 leaves, 2 steps):

$$8b^2x + x(a - Ib \operatorname{arcsin}(-1 + Idx^2))^2 - \frac{4b(a - Ib \operatorname{arcsin}(-1 + Idx^2))\sqrt{2Idx^2 + d^2x^4}}{dx}$$

Result(type 8, 17 leaves):

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(1 + dx^2))^2 dx$$

Problem 85: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(-1 + dx^2))^3} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 226 leaves, 2 steps):

$$-\frac{x}{8b^2(a - Ib \operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2))} + \frac{x \operatorname{Shi}\left(\frac{a - Ib \operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}{2b}\right) \left(\cosh\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + I \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{16b^3 \left(\cos\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}{2}\right)\right)}$$

$$-\frac{x \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}(a - Ib \operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2))}{b}\right) \left(I \cosh\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right)\right)}{16b^3 \left(\cos\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}{2}\right)\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{-2Idx^2 + d^2x^4}}{4bdx(a - Ib \operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2))^2}$$

Result(type 8, 17 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(-1 + dx^2))^3} dx$$

Problem 86: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(1 + dx^2)} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 205 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1}{b}} \sqrt{a - 1 b \arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cosh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right) + 1 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right)\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{\left(\cos\left(\frac{\arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}{2}\right)\right) \sqrt{\frac{-1}{b}}}$$

$$- \frac{b x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1}{b}} \sqrt{a - 1 b \arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(1 \cosh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right) + \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right)\right) \sqrt{\frac{-1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi}}{\cos\left(\frac{\arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}{2}\right)} + x \sqrt{a - 1 b \arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}$$

Result(type 8, 17 leaves):

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(1 + d x^2)} dx$$

Problem 87: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(1 + d x^2))^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 230 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{\left(\frac{-1}{b}\right)^{3/2} x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1}{b}} \sqrt{a - 1 b \arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cosh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right) - 1 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right)\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{\cos\left(\frac{\arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}{2}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{-1}{b}\right)^{3/2} x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{-1}{b}} \sqrt{a - 1 b \arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cosh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right) + 1 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right)\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{\cos\left(\frac{\arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}{2}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{2 1 d x^2 + d^2 x^4}}{b d x \sqrt{a - 1 b \arcsin(-1 + 1 d x^2)}}$$

Result(type 8, 17 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(1 + d x^2))^{3/2}} dx$$

Problem 88: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(1 + d x^2))^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 253 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a - I b \arcsin(-1 + I d x^2)}}{\sqrt{I b} \sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cosh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right) - I \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right)\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{3 b^2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{\arcsin(-1 + I d x^2)}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\arcsin(-1 + I d x^2)}{2}\right)\right) \sqrt{I b}} - \frac{x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a - I b \arcsin(-1 + I d x^2)}}{\sqrt{I b} \sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cosh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right) + I \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right)\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{3 b^2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{\arcsin(-1 + I d x^2)}{2}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\arcsin(-1 + I d x^2)}{2}\right)\right) \sqrt{I b}} - \frac{\sqrt{2 I d x^2 + d^2 x^4}}{3 b d x (a - I b \arcsin(-1 + I d x^2))^3 / 2} - \frac{x}{3 b^2 \sqrt{a - I b \arcsin(-1 + I d x^2)}}$$

Result(type 8, 17 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(I + d x^2))^5 / 2} dx$$

Problem 89: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(-I + d x^2))^5 / 2 dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 283 leaves, 2 steps):

$$x (a - I b \arcsin(1 + I d x^2))^5 / 2 + \frac{15 b^2 x \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{I}{b}} \sqrt{a - I b \arcsin(1 + I d x^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cosh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right) - I \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right)\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{\left(\cos\left(\frac{\arcsin(1 + I d x^2)}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\arcsin(1 + I d x^2)}{2}\right)\right) \sqrt{\frac{I}{b}}} - \frac{15 b^2 x \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{I}{b}} \sqrt{a - I b \arcsin(1 + I d x^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \left(\cosh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right) + I \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2 b}\right)\right) \sqrt{\pi}}{\left(\cos\left(\frac{\arcsin(1 + I d x^2)}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\arcsin(1 + I d x^2)}{2}\right)\right) \sqrt{\frac{I}{b}}} - \frac{5 b (a - I b \arcsin(1 + I d x^2))^3 / 2 \sqrt{-2 I d x^2 + d^2 x^4}}{d x} + 15 b^2 x \sqrt{a - I b \arcsin(1 + I d x^2)}$$

Result(type 8, 17 leaves):

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(-I + d x^2))^5 / 2 dx$$



Problem 90: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(-1 + dx^2)} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 208 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{x \operatorname{FresnelS} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a - 1b \operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \left( \cosh\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - 1 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \sqrt{\pi}}{\left( \cos\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}{2}\right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}} - \frac{x \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a - 1b \operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \left( \cosh\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + 1 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \sqrt{\pi}}{\left( \cos\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}{2}\right) \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{b}}} + x \sqrt{a - 1b \operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}$$

Result(type 8, 17 leaves):

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(-1 + dx^2)} \, dx$$

Problem 91: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(-1 + dx^2))^3 / 2} \, dx$$

Optimal(type 4, 234 leaves, 1 step):

$$\frac{\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2} x \operatorname{FresnelS} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a - 1b \operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \left( \cosh\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) - 1 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \sqrt{\pi}}{\cos\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}{2}\right)} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)^{3/2} x \operatorname{FresnelC} \left( \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a - 1b \operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \left( \cosh\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) + 1 \sinh\left(\frac{a}{2b}\right) \right) \sqrt{\pi}}{\cos\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}{2}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}{2}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt{-2Idx^2 + d^2x^4}}{b dx \sqrt{a - 1b \operatorname{arcsin}(1 + Idx^2)}}$$

Result(type 8, 17 leaves):

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(-1 + dx^2))^3 / 2} \, dx$$

Problem 92: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\left( a + b \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) \right)^3}{-c^2 x^2 + 1} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 285 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{\left( a + b \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) \right)^4}{4bc} - \frac{\left( a + b \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) \right)^3 \ln \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} \right)^2} \right)}{c} \\ & + \frac{3b \left( a + b \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) \right)^2 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, \frac{1}{\left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} \right)^2} \right)}{2c} \\ & + \frac{3b^2 \left( a + b \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) \right) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 3, \frac{1}{\left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} \right)^2} \right)}{2c} + \frac{3b^3 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 4, \frac{1}{\left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} \right)^2} \right)}{4c} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 1174 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^3 \ln(cx+1)}{2c} - \frac{a^3 \ln(cx-1)}{2c} + \frac{b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)^4}{4c} - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)^3 \ln \left( 1 + \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} \right)}{c} \\ & - \frac{3b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)^2 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, -\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} - \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} \right)}{c} \\ & + \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 3, -\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} - \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} \right)}{c} - \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 4, -\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} - \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} \right)}{c} \\ & - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)^3 \ln \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} - \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} \right)}{c} - \frac{3b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right)^2 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 2, \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} \right)}{c} \\ & + \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{arcsinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} \right) \operatorname{polylog} \left( 3, \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} \right)}{c} - \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{polylog} \left( 4, \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}} \right)}{c} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{a b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)^3}{c} - \frac{3 a b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)^2 \ln\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}}\right)}{c} \\
& - \frac{6 a b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} - \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}}\right)}{c} + \frac{6 a b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, -\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} - \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}}\right)}{c} \\
& - \frac{3 a b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)^2 \ln\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} - \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}}\right)}{c} - \frac{6 a b^2 \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}}\right)}{c} \\
& + \frac{6 a b^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(3, \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}}\right)}{c} + \frac{3 a^2 b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right)^2}{2c} \\
& - \frac{3 a^2 b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) \ln\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}}\right)}{c} - \frac{3 a^2 b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} - \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}}\right)}{c} \\
& - \frac{3 a^2 b \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}}\right) \ln\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} - \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}}\right)}{c} - \frac{3 a^2 b \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, \frac{\sqrt{-cx+1}}{\sqrt{cx+1}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{-cx+1}{cx+1}}\right)}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 97: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{bx+a+\sqrt{1+(bx+a)^2}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 91 leaves, 9 steps):

$$-\frac{a}{x} + b \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) + b \ln(x) - \frac{a b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{a b x + a^2 + 1}{\sqrt{a^2 + 1} \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1}}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1}}{x}$$

Result(type 3, 266 leaves):

$$-\frac{(b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1)^{3/2}}{(a^2 + 1) x} + \frac{2 a b \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1}}{a^2 + 1} + \frac{a^2 b^2 \ln\left(\frac{b^2 x + a b}{\sqrt{b^2}} + \sqrt{b^2 x^2 + 2 a b x + a^2 + 1}\right)}{(a^2 + 1) \sqrt{b^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{ab \ln\left(\frac{2a^2 + 2 + 2abx + 2\sqrt{a^2 + 1}\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{a^2 + 1}} + \frac{b^2\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}x}{a^2 + 1} \\
& + \frac{b^2 \ln\left(\frac{b^2x + ab}{\sqrt{b^2}} + \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}\right)}{(a^2 + 1)\sqrt{b^2}} + b \ln(x) - \frac{a}{x}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 100: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{x}{\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sinh(x))} dx$$

Optimal(type 3, 25 leaves, ? steps):

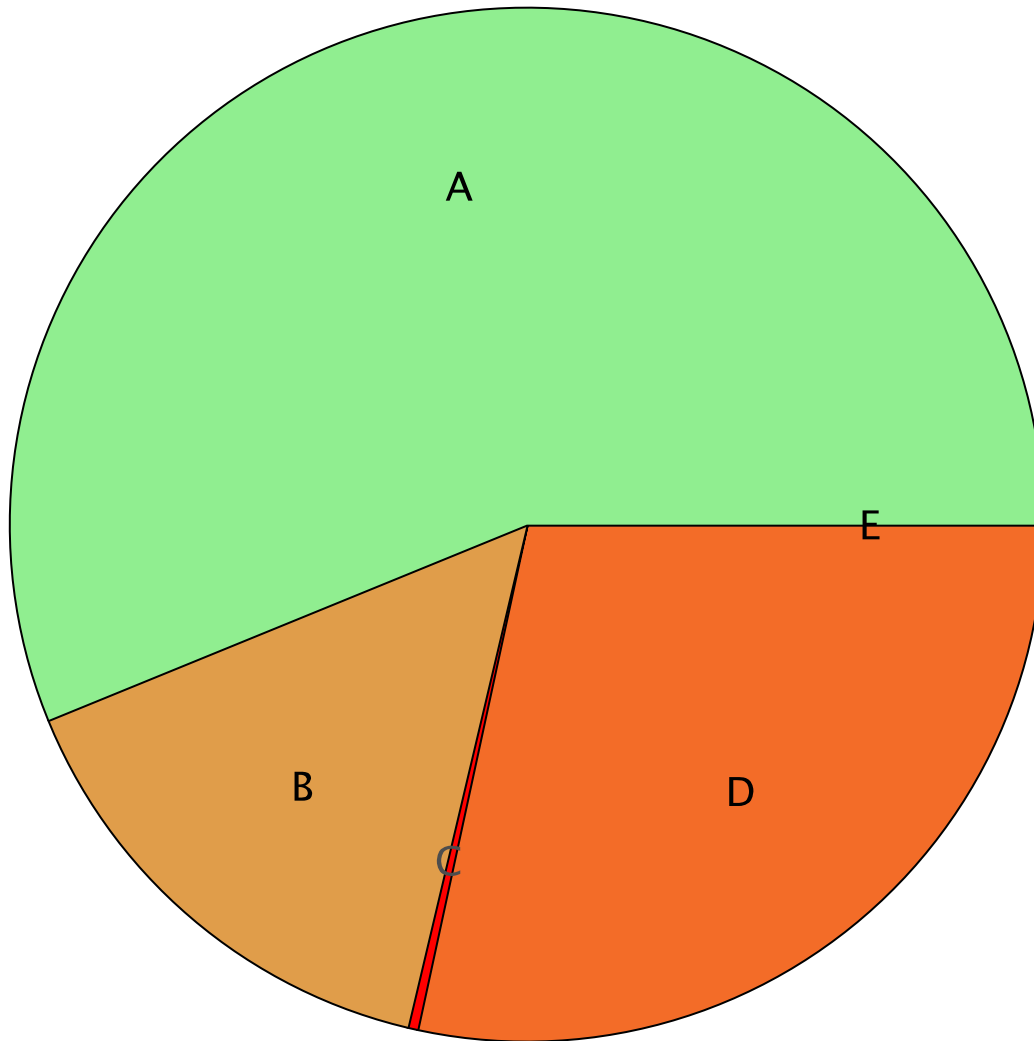
$$\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sinh(x)) + \ln(\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sinh(x))) \left( -\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sinh(x)) + x \operatorname{sech}(x) \sqrt{\cosh(x)^2} \right)$$

Result(type 8, 9 leaves):

$$\int \frac{x}{\operatorname{arcsinh}(\sinh(x))} dx$$

Summary of Integration Test Results

324 integration problems



A - 182 optimal antiderivatives  
B - 49 more than twice size of optimal antiderivatives  
C - 1 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives  
D - 92 unable to integrate problems  
E - 0 integration timeouts